SEMI-WEEKLY NORTH-CAROLINA STANDARD.

SEMI-WEEKLY, $4 PER ANNUM. PUBLISHED WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY MORNINGS. WEEKLY, $2 PER ANNUM.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, NORTH-CAROLINA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1852. NO. 2.

THE NORTH CAROLINA STANDARD

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY BY

WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY. Two dollars per annum in advance, or within the first month, Two dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Three dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

TERMS OF THE SEMI-WEEKLY. Four dollars per annum, in advance, or within the first month; Four Dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Five Dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

☞ The above rules will be inflexibly adhered to.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding fourteen lines wil be inserted one time for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion; those of greater length in proportion. Court orders and Judicial Advertisements will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above rates. A reasonable reduction will be made to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements inserted in the Semi-Weekly Standard, will also appear in the Weekly Paper, free of charge.

Subscribers, and others, who may wish to send money to the Editor, can do so at all times, by Mail and at his risk. Receipts for all sums will be promptly transmitted

Letters to the Editor must come free of postage.

GOODS FOR THE SEASON.

EVANS & COOKE,

One Door Above R. Smith's Corner,

No. 29, Fayetteville Street,

ARE now receiving their Fall purchase, consisting of every article usually kept in Dry Goods establishments, and flatter themselves that they can offer *as great if not greater inducements* than they have been able to do heretofore; to be convinced of this fact call before buying elsewhere. We subscribe ourselves, as ever, the friends of a generous community.

September 17, 1852. 88—

Ladies Dress Goods.

PLAIN and Figured Black Gro De Rnine Silks, Rich Brocade colored do., from $1 to $4 per yard, French Sattin Dechene, Embroided Swiss Robes, Alboniaze Robes, high colored DeLanes for Children, French Cashmeres, Plain and Figured, new styles, English and French Merinoes.

Just received at EVANS & COOKE'S.

September 17, 1852. 88—

BONNET, Tafeta and Sash Ribbons, of a superior qualtty, having from one yard to any number in a peice, a little nicer than any thing out. Also, French Worked Collars, Cuffs, Undersleeves, Chemizetts, best French Kid Gloves, Raw Silk and fleecy lined do', Swiss and Jaconet Muslin. Edgings and Insertings. Im. Straw Emb'd. Veils, Visites, Black Silk Lace, Gimp Lace and Braid Trimings, Black and Colored Velvet do.

Just received at EVANS & COOKE'S.

September 17, 1852. 88—

150 PIECES Prints, every variety, style, quality, and price; good assortment of Shawls, varieties, quality and price.

Just received at EVANS & COOKE'S.

September 17, 1852. 88—

For Gentlemen.

BLACK and Blue Cloths, Black Doeskin Cassimeres, Colored do, Clouded, Plain and Plaid Satinets, Tweedes, Kentucky Jeans from 20 cents to any price wanted. EVANS & COOKE.

Sept. 17. 88—

Hats! Hats!! Hats!!!

12 CASES Bebee's, and others of the latest and most approved styles. Bought of the Manufe torers themselves, and no mistake. Those wishing the latest agony, call upon us.

31 doz. Soft Beaver Fur and Wool Black and Colored Hats. 30 doz Caps, Navy, for Gentlemen and Boys, Silk and Plush, variety of colors and styles. In fact every sort of Cap and Hat that can be called for, at the well known establishment of

EVANS & COOKE'S.

Sept. 17. 88—

Boots and Shoes.

J. MILES & SONS' Improved Stitched Boots, Double Sole and Waterproof do', a splendid article of Double Sole Brogans for the practical Farmers of Wake and surrounding country, including the Railroad.

EVANS & COOKE.

Sept. 17. 88—

LINSEYS, heavy Georgia plaids, and Kersey's Marlboro' Stripes and Plaids, Brown and Blue Cottons, Flannels, Wool Canton do. All Wool Carpeting.

EVANS & COOKE.

Sept. 17. 88—

BAGGING, Rope and Twine. Dundee and Gunney, very heavy, and will be sold low by

EVANS & COOKE.

Sept. 17. 88—

Ready-Made Clothing.

BLACK Cloth Sack and Frock Coats, Clouded Cassimere do., Blue and Drab felt Over Coats, Drab Petershams, Clouded pilots and Fancy Cassimere Pants, Black Satin and Figured Silk Vests, &c., &c

Opposite the farfamed and world-renowned establishment of E. L. Harding & Co.

EVANS & COOKE.

No. 29, Cheap Side.

Raleigh, September 17th, 1852. 88—

A Large Lot of Musical Instruments,

BY the retail or wholesale; Guitars from three to forty dollars, Violins from 25 cents to 50 dollars, Banjors of all sizes and prices, Flutes with from one to eight keys. Octave Flutes, Fifes, Accordeons, French and German, &c.

A very fine lot of new and fashionable Music, Music Books bound, with the music selected by myself to suit all kinds of performers.

Paint for Oil or Water colors of every description, put up in tin boxes or by the single tube. Canvass on stretchers or by the single yard of all sizes—in short every thing that belongs to the Fine Arts.

Perfumeries and fancy articles of all kinds, too tedious to mention.

Two second-handed Pianos to sell or rent.

K. W. PETERSILIA.

Raleigh, October 18th, 1852. 97—

MUSIC! MUSIC!! MUSIC!!!

JUST received at the North Carolina Music Store a new and beautiful lot of Rosewood Pianos, with 6, 6½, 9½ and 7 octaves, selected by myself and which are warranted for five years. They are of superior tune, being the Iron Frame, which will last longer than those made with wooden frames and stand better in tune, which I will sell at low prices.

K. W. PETERSILIA.

Oct. 18, 1852. 97—

TURNER'S NORTH CAROLINA ALMANAC FOR 1853.

PUBLISHED this day, and sold wholesale and retail by HENRY D. TURNER,

N. C. Bookstore.

October 12, 1852. 95—

NAILS—Cut and Wrought Nails, all sizes—Powder and Shot. Bar Lead, Blasting Powder for sale by

J. McKIMMON.

October 26, 1852. 100—

Hats---Fall Fashions.

SUPERIOR Black Moleskin Hats. Just received

J. BROWN.

Raleigh, Oct. 1852.

SALAD OIL.—A fresh supply of best quality, fo sale by

J. McKIMMON.

CHEAP AS EVER!

THE subscriber would respectfully call the attention of his town and country friends to his well selected stock of Groceries, Confectionaries, fancy articles, &c., and I pledge myself not to be undersold by any one in the place; you will find the following, in part:

Groceries.

25 Barrels Brown, Pulverised, Crushed and Clarified Sugars, from 8½ to 12½ cents

12 Bags Rio and Laguara Coffee, best quality.

8 Bbls Roe-Herrings, prime article Tallow, Adamantine Candles.

A fine lot of Black and Green Tea in papers of ¼, ½, 1 pound papers.

3½ Chests, Gun Powder and Imperial Tea.

2 Casks of New Orleans Molasses, &c., &c.

100 pounds Baltimore Bacon, Sides and Shoulders.

Fancy Articles.

A finer lot, I am confident, never was offered in this market to be sold very cheap.

Guns and Cutlery.

12 Guns from five to thirty dollars,

Pistols of various kinds. A fine lot of table and pocket cutlery.

Confectionaries.

A fine lot of Candies of my own make at the usual low price of $15 per hundred pounds.

2 casks of preserved Ginger. Gum Drops of different kinds.

4 cases of Prunes in glass jars. 2 doz. fancy boxes.

200 lbs. Currents at the low price 12½ cents.

Pickles, Preserves, Catsups, Walnuts, Almonds, Palm Nuts and Filberts. Matches lower than ever sold in this market; and many other articles in this line not necessary to mention.

Cigars.

50,000 of assorted brands and cheaper than can be found elsewhere in the city. Members of the Legislature and others who indulge in a smoke, are requested to call at my store. I have on hand a good lot of Snuff and Chewing Tobacco.

Burning Fluid.

3 Casks Burning Fluid at reduced price and warranted to be as good as any brought to the city. My town and country friends may rest assured that the above goods can be bought as cheap as the lowest seller dare offer them.

Norfolk Oysters,

I have made arrangements with dealers in Norfolk whereby I shall be enabled to furnish the city and country with Oysters. Orders from a distance will meet with prompt attention. L. B. WALKER.

Raleigh, Nov. 6, 1852. 103—

CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL IN RALEIGH.

THE Subscriber will open a School of this description in the City of Raleigh, on the first Monday in January next, strictly limited to *twenty-five* pupils. The Latin, Greek, and French languages will be soundly taught, with a thorough course of Mathematics. As the school is intended to be one of high grade, pupils will be expected to have already received some degree of preparatory instruction in the ordinary English branches.

The first session will be one of *five months*. Some half dozen boarders may be accomodated if preferred, in the Principal's family, at $12,00 per month.

Fees for Latin, Greek, and Mathematics, $25.00

French extra, 10.00

One half of the above expenses will be expected invariably in advance.

L. WADDELL.

October 10, 1852. 101—

REFERENCES.

Faculty of Washington College, Lexington, Va.,
Trustees of Staunton Academy, Staunton, Va.,
Rev. H. Ruffner, D. D., Kanawha co., Va.,
Hon. A. H. H. Stuart, Secretary of the Interior, Washington city.
Dr. F. T. Stribling, Western Lunatic Asylum, Staunton, Va.,
Rev. W. H. McGuffey, D D., University of Va.,
Rev. R. H. Philips, Virginia Female Institute, Staunton, Va.,
Rev. B. M. Smith, Staunton, Va.,
Judge J. W. Brockenbrough, U. S. Court, Lexington, Va.,
Judge L. P Thompson, Staunton, Va.,
Rev. Moses D. Hodge, Richmond, Va.,
Hon. S. S. Baxter, Richmond, Va.,
Rev. J. J. Smyth, Everittsville, N. C.,
Rev. B. H. Rice, D. D., Prince Edward co., Va.

The subscriber begs leave to add to his father's advertisement, inserted above, that any other information that may be desired in reference to his school, may be obtained of himself or of Mr. Cooke, at the North Carolina Institute for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind.

J. A. WADDELL.

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

THE Subscriber is now opening his FALL AND WINTER GOODS at his old stand, consisting in part of

White Welsh and English Flannels,
Twilled and Plain Red do.
Plaid and Plain Linseys, and Marlboro' Stripes,
Red Blankets, from good to superior fine,
8-4 Damask Table Diaper,
Hukaback, Russia, Bird-eyed, and Brown Diaper,
Diaper Twills, by the dozen, Linen Crush,
Irish Linen, Linen, Cambric and Long Lawn,
Bleached and Brown Shirting and Jeans,
12-4 Bleached Shirting, 5-4 Brown Shirting,
Extra Ettrick Osnaburg, very heavy 7-8 wide,
Bed Ticking and Apron Checks,
100 doz. Spool Cotton, White, Bl'k and Col'd.
Black and Assorted Sewing Silks, Stay Bindings,
Tidy and Darning Cotton, bl'k Darning Cotton,
White and bl'k Cotton Hose, Brown and Bleached Hose,
Bl'k and White Silk Hose, bl'k Raw Silk Hose,
Jaconette, Cambric, Plaid, Swiss and Mull Muslins.
Carpeting and Hearth Rugs, Carpet Binding and Drugget. For sale by J. BROWN.

Raleigh, Sept 21, 1852. 89—

Valuable Real Estate for Sale.

PURSUANT to a decree in the case of "Lucius J. Johnson and others v. Cornelia Johnson and others," entered at Fall Term, 1852, of Chowan Superior Court of Equity, I shall sell at Public Auction, before the Court House door in Edenton, on Monday the 27th day of December next,

The Large and Valuable Plantation,

upon which the late Charles E. Johnson resided, known as the BANDON FARM. This Plantation is situated immediately on the Chowan River, and adjoins the lands of Dr. T. D. Warren, William Privett, Edmond Brinkley, James L. Roberts, Thomas White, Hardy Cross, and the Parker land, and contains 2,350 ACRES. Attached to it is one of the most valuable Fisheries on Chowan River. The buildings, comprising a large and commodious Dwelling, and the necessary Farm-houses, are in good order. The location is one of the healthiest in this section of the State, and has excellent water.

The terms of the sale are a credit of ONE, TWO and THREE years—the Notes to be well secured, and to draw interest from date. About one hundred dollars will be required in Cash.

TH. C. MANNING, C. & M. E., C. C.

November 8th, 1852. 104—td.

R. F. LESTER,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

PETERSBURG, Va.

WILL give his personal attention to the sale of all kinds of Produce and to Forwarding Goods, &c. Attends particularly to forwarding Tobacco and other Produce to Richmond.

REFER TO—Hon. A. W Venable, and Dr. G. A. Wilson, Granville, Mr. W. L. Pomeroy, Raleigh.

November 4, 1852. —3m.

IRA BECKWITH,

WOULD tender his sincere thanks to his numerous friends and customers, in Raleigh and its vicinity, for the liberal support he has received, and hopes by renewed efforts to merit a continuance of their favors. He has just returned from the North, where having in view the wants of his customers at home, he endeavored to select such articles as would give entire satisfaction, both as to price and quality. His stock consists in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hardware, Cutlery, and Fancy articles, comprising in part the following:

Groceries.

Bacon, Lard, Meal, Flour, Cheese, Candles, Sole and Upper Leather, Soap, Salt, fine Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Sugar, Coffee, Teas, Pepper, Alspice, Ginger. Soda, Indigo, Madder, Copperas, Ink, Blacking, Powder and Shot, Lead, Cotton Bagging, Rope, Twine, &c., &c.

Hardware and Cutlery.

Axes, Weeding Hoes, Nails, Files, Butts, Screws, Padlocks, plast Locks, Coffee Mills, Tacks, Percussion Caps, Scissors, Iron and Britiana Spoons, Pocket Knives, Knives and Forks, Thimbles, Pins, Needles, Hooks and Eyes, Candle Sticks, Vest Buckles, &c.

Glass and Crockery of all kinds.

Dry Goods and Fancy Articles.

Blankets, bleached and unbleached Shirtings, Va. Osnaburgs, Bed Ticking, brown Jeans, Kerseys, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Fancy Vestings, Cambrics, Linens, Cravats, Pocket H'k'fs, Comforts, Flanels, Merrimack prints, Fancy prints, Letter paper, Envellopes, Steel Pens, Pen Holders, Agate Buttons, Coat Buttons, fancy Vest Buttons, Coats' Spool Cotton, Sewing Silk, Flaxthread, Cable Cord, Corset Laces, Hairpins, Snuff Boxes, Coarse and fine Tooth Combs, Pocket Combs, Ladies riding Side and Tuck Combs, Paste Board, Gentlemen's Chamois lined Gloves, Wool Gloves, one gross stout cotton Half Hose, also Ladies fine and coarse cotton Hose, Looking Glasses, Blacking Brushes, Cotton Cards, Shaving Boxes, Fancy Soaps, Perfumeries, &c., &c.

Together with a great variety of other articles entirely too tedious to enumerate, all of which will be disposed of on the most liberal terms for cash

Fayetteville street, a few doors north of the Yarbrough House, and opposite Lawrence's Hotel.

Raleigh, Sept. 7, 1852. 86—1y.

Quinton Utley's Tooth-Ache Drops.

FOR THE CURE OF THE TOOTHACHE

One of the Greatest Discoveries of the 19th Century!

FROM the numerous applications I have had for the above preparation, for the last few months, the uniform success which has attended its use, its salutary effects, its power to give immediate relief in the severest cases of Toothache, I have been induced to offer it to those who may be afflicted; with the utmost confidence in its virtue, and the full belief that it will subdue and give entire relief to the severest toothache without the slightest injury to the tooth. I have got (and can get,) numerous testimonials of its efficacy—some from distinguished gentlemen, and all from as reliable persons as are in the State, a publication of which I deem unnecessary at this time, as one of these Drops when tried in an aching tooth will be worth more to the manufacturer and the patient, than all the certificates from great men that could be procured.

The preparation is known only to myself. Every phial is carefully put up by my own hands in the City of Raleigh and labelled with directions for use, and may be found at IRA BECKWITH'S Store, on Fayetteville St. a few doors North of the Yarbrough House, and opposite Lawrence's Hotel, where it will be constantly kept for sale either by the wholesale or retail. Also for sale by the retail at Jone's Drug Store, Sycamore street, Petersburg, Va., and at Andrew Bett's Store, Wake County, N C. Retail price 50 cts. per Bottle—liberal deduction made when taken by the quantity.

To all who may have the toothache—try it, and then it will need no puffing.

All orders from a distance promptly attended to by Mr. Beckwith or myself.

QUINTON UTLEY.

Raleigh, September 7, 1852. 86—1y.

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made during the present Session of the General Assembly for the passage of the follo wing acts, to wit:

1. To amend the act incorporating the Nantihala and Turkasege Turnpike Company.

2. To amend the act incorporating the Oconalufta and Qualla Town Turnpike Company.

3. To amend, if deemed necessary, the act incorporating the Tennessee river Railroad Company.

4. To amend the acts for the better administration of Justice in the Counties composing the 50th Senatorial District.

5. To amend the act incorporating the Tennessee river Turnpike in the County of Macon.

6. To authorize the Secretary of State to correct an error in the issue of a grant to John Mingus, Scroop, Enlo and others for a tract of land in the county of Jackson, so as to authorize the issue of a grant to the proper persons.

7. To amend an act incorporating the Turkasege and Keowee Turnpike Company, if deemed necessary.

8 A Resolution in favor of H. P. King, of Cherokee county, authorizing a grant to issue to him for a tract of land on the payment to the State the balance due therefor.

9. Acts for the benefit of the Cherokee Indians of Jackson county, to secure the title of the lands purchased for them in such manner as may be deemed calculated to promote their interest. For the better administration of Justice as regards their own people. Also, such laws as may be deemed necessary to aid the missionaries among those Indians in preventing vice, and in promoting civilization and Christianity among them.

November 4th, 1852. 102—td.

TO MERCHANTS—IMPORTANT AND TRUE. The fact, that merchants can supply their wants in their home markets, and thus save the trouble and expense of a northern trip, being fully established, the subscribers, in anticipation of a large demand for their popular Ready Made Clothing, have manufactured an unusually large stock, which, they may safely say, has never been surpassed, if it has been equalled, in the southern market.

Encouraged by the very liberal patronage hitherto received, and with largely increased facilities, we are determined to keep pace with the onward spirit of the age, and to use every honorable effort to deserve our share of the "*public distribution.*" Merchants visiting Petersburg, whether dealing in Clothing or not, are invited to visit our WHOLESALE ROOMS, now stocked with every variety of Clothing, *of our own manufacture*, the most modern styles, and at *New York prices.*

A. S. SHAFER & CO.,

WHOLESALE CLOTHING BAZAAR,

Sycamore, three doors from Bank street,

Petersburg, Va

September 1, 1852. 84—tf.

RICH FANCY DRY GOODS,

FOR THE FALL OF 1852.

Just in time for the Legislature.

THE subscriber having removed to the Corner Store House, formerly occupied by Mr. B. B. Smith, which has been recently fitted up in most elegant style, and having just returned from New York, is now opening quite a magnificent supply of *Rich Fancy Dry Goods*, of the latest importations and fashions from *Paris* and *London*, which are exceedingly attracting, and to which he would respectfully invite the attention of tasty purchasers, both among the ladies and gentlemen, from the City and surrounding country.

Also, a full supply of *Hats, Caps, Shoes, Boots*, and *Bonnets* of every description.

Together with a full lot of *Ready Made Clothing* common and fine, remarkably cheap.

T. A. MITCHELL.

Raleigh, October 1st, 1852. 92—

North Carolina Manufactures.

BATTLE & SON, Are still manufacturing, at the ROCKY MOUNT MILLS, N. C. about 300,000 lbs. *Cotton Yarns*, per annum (equal to the best Georgia Yarns,) which they will deliver to Merchants free of charge, at New York prices.

Orders addressed to Battle, & Son, Rocky Mount, N. C., will receive prompt attention.

February, 1852. 29—1y.

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

ALEXANDER CREECH has received the largest portion of his

Stock of Fancy and Staple dry GOODS,

to which he invites the attention of all who wish to buy handsome and cheap Goods. His stock consists in part of the following:

French Muslins de Lains and Merinoes,
American de Lains and Thibet Cloths,
Alboni Plaids, new style, and Prussian Cashmeres,
Alpaccas, a large assortment,
English and American Prints, great variety,
Ginghams, Flannels, and Irish Linens,
Jackonette, Swiss, Checked and Talton Muslins,
French Emb'd. and Woolen Shawls,
A good assortment of Gloves and Hosiery,
Work'd Collars, Edgings and Insertions,
Lyle and Thread Edgings,
Linencambric Handk's, Diapers, Bonnet-Ribbons, &c., &c.
Bl'k French Cloths and Cassimeres,
Satin, Silk and Cashmere Vestings,
Silk Hand'k. and Italian Cravats,
Tweeds, Sattennettes and Ohio Jeans,
Kerseys, Linseys and Blankets,
Bleach'd and Brown Domestics,
Heavy Ingrain Carpeting and Medium,
Also an assortment of Ready-Made Clothing.

Hats, Caps, Bonnets, Boots & Shoes,

And many other articles not named; all of which he is determined to sell at his usual low prices, and earnestly requests all those in want of new and cheap Goods to give him a call at his stand, three doors above Mr. R. Smith's, where he will be found ready and willing to serve his customers. He returns his sincere thanks to the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country for past patronage, and hopes to merit the continuance of the same.

Raleigh, Sept. 17, 1852. 89—

NEW FIRM AND NEW GOODS.

SELBY & MURRAY,

One Door Above, P. F. PESCUD'S Drug Store,

No 12. Fayetteville Street.

ARE now receiving and opening their Fall and Winter Stock of choice Goods, which is large and well selected, bought entirely for Cash, and will be sold at prices which will not fail to suit the purchaser. The Stock consists in part of the following:

Super Black Gro de Rhine Silks, Col'd do.,
French Printed DeLaines and Cashmeres,
French and German Merinoes, Black Bombazine,
do Alapaccas, French Worked Collars,
Gents and Ladies Kid Gloves,
Bonnets and Tafeta Ribbons,
Silk Leghorn and other kinds of Bonnets,
150 Pieces English and American Prints,
Jaconet, Swiss, Mull and Cross Barred Muslins,
Silk and Cotton Hosiery.
A great variety of Shawls,
Cloth and Cassimeres and Vestings.

And a general assortment of Goods for Men's wear.

September, 1852. 91—

Hats and Caps.

JUST received, Bebee's Super Fall Style Moleskin Hats. Broad and Narrow Brim Beaver do. A large stock of Mexican and other late style Hats, Wool Hats, very low price. A great variety of Cloth and other kind of Caps for Men and Boys. SELBY & MURRAY.

September, 1852. 91—

Boots and Shoes.

CORK Sole Boots, with Double Uppers at the low price of $4,50 Double Sole Nailed Bottom Boots for Waggoners and Rail Road Hands. A large Stock of Double and Single Sole Brogans will be sold cheap. Ladies Shoes and Bootees, Manufactured by Robinson & Co.

Call and examine our Stock before buying elsewhere.

SELBY & MURRAY.

September 1852. 91—

Groceries, &c.

BROWN, Clarified, Crushed and Loaf Sugar; Java, Laguira, Maracaibo and Rio Coffee, Super Imperial and Gunpowder Tea, Sperm, Adamantine and Hull's & Son's Tallow Candles. Hardware, Crockery, Blacksmith's Tools. Cotton Bagging Gunny and Dundee, and Rope, Swede and English Iron, Cast Steel, Blister and German do. Blasting Powder, Horse Shoes and Horse Shoe Nails, &c., are always kept by

SELBY & MURRAY.

September, 91—

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THE subscriber is now prepared to show to customers his Fall and Winter Stock of Goods, which he has just received from the Northern cities. His Stock is full, embracing almost every variety of goods kept in a Dry Goods Store. The following as part of his Stock may be found at his Store, No. 21, Fayetteville Street:

Black and Fancy Silks,
French Merinoes and DeLanes,
English and American Printed DeLanes,
All wool Pink and Blue Flannels,
Plain, Black, Chamelon and Figured Alpacas.
Calicoes from 5 to 20 cents,
Blankets and Kerseys,
Kentucky Jeans, all qualities,
Tweeds, Satinets and Cassimeres,
Vestings, good and common,
Red and White Flannels,
Bonnets and Bonnet Ribbons,
Hosiery, Gloves, Laces, &c., &c.

Also, good lot of Sugar and Coffee, Boots and Shoes, good assortment China, Glass and Earthen Ware.

We only ask a call from those wishing to purchase goods, as at all times we shall be pleased to show them Call and see for yourselves—we are determined to sell *low*.

SAMUEL H. YOUNG

Raleigh, October 1st 1852. 92—3m.

HENRY KIEM'S

North of Yarbrough's and opposite Lawrence's Hotel

RALEIGH, N. C.

JUST RECEIVED and for sale at the lowest cash prices, the following articles, to-wit:

3 Barrels of Mackerel,
2 do. New Lard,
4 do. Irish Potatoes,
6 do. Assorted Crackers,
2 do. Pulverized Sugar,
3 do. Clarified do.
2 do. Crushed do.
800 lbs. Goshen Butter,
800 " Cheese,
Rio, Laguira, and Java Coffee,
Sperm, Adamantine and Tallow Candles,
5000 Black Principe Cegars, Regalia, Havana, &c. &c. &c. &c.

January 2, 1852. 18—tf.

Pleasant Grove Male Academy.

WAKE FOREST, N. C.

WILLIAM M. CRENSHAW, A. B., Principal.

THE next session of this Institution will commence on the 2nd Monday in January next. The Academy is situated about 1 1-2 miles from Forestville.

No deduction for loss of time, except in case of protracted sickness. Board can be had at $6 50 per month, including washing, lights and fuel. Tuition from $7 to $15 per session. For further particulars address

DR. W. HARTSFIELD,

Forestville, Wake County, N. C.

November 8th, 1852 104—(15).

☞ The Weekly Register and the Spirit of the Age will copy.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

A DISTINGUISHED Graduate of the University of North Carolina, who has had several years experience in teaching, is desirous of procuring a suitable location for the establishment of a permanent High School. He is qualified to teach the Latin, Greek, French, and Spanish languages, Mathematics and all other branches usually taught in similar institutions. Communications addressed to P. W., Henderson, N. C., will receive prompt attention.

November 6th, 1852. 946—w3w.

ISAAC PROCTER,

(Successor to Oliver and Procter.)

MERCHANT TAILOR,

HAS Just returned from the Northern Cities, and is now receiving

A New and Beautiful Assortment

of Goods in his line, embracing

Black, Blue, Brown, Green, Olive, Adelaide and Dahlia

CLOTHS,

of best French and English manufacture, and of various grades of prices.

Best SIMONI DOESKINS, Warranted.

French, English, Scotch and American

FANCY CASSIMERES,

of every variety of style and price.

VESTINGS,

of super Silk Velvet, Plush, Figured and Plain Satins and Silks, Grenadine, Morino and Cashmere, *a splendid article.*

Wedding and Party Vestings, Can't be Beat.

☞ With sincere thanks to his numerous friends and patrons for past manifestations of friendship and regard, he assures them no effort or pains shall be spared to merit its continuance.

Satisfaction always Guarantied.

His stock of

FURNISHING GOODS

is most complete—

Dress Shirts, with or without Collars,
Silk and Merino Under Shirts, very superior, all sizes,
Drawers, fine assortment
Socks, silk, Merino, Cotton, Figured and Plain,
Stocks, Plain and Fancy,
Gloves, a great variety,
Dressing Gowns, very handsome,
POCKET HANDKERCHIEFS, silk, linen, colored, plain and embroidered,

In addition to the above he has a fine supply of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

which he would be pleased to offer to the inspection of the public; being manufactured under his own supervision can confidently recommend them, and asks a comparison with any other Goods in this market or out of it, either in quality or price. All he asks is a reasonable profit, and

Will not be Undersold by Any!

Gentlemen furnishing their own Goods to be manufactured may rely upon receiving the same attention and care as if sold by himself.

Cutting done at any time at usual rates.

Latest Paris, London and New York Fashions just at hand. ISAAC PROCTER.

Raleigh, October 2, 1852. 92

TO FARMERS AND OTHERS.

BROGANS! BROGANS!

THE subscriber has now on hahd and intends to keep at all times during the Fall and Winter seasons a large and good assortment of Negro Shoes, for male and female, embracing all kinds used

For Plantation and other Purposes.

Amongst my assortment of Brogans may be found the Hungarian shoe and Stitchdowns, to which I would call the attention of Farmers and others in want of a superior article for their servants. My prices shall be as low as similar goods can be bought elsewhere, and I would respectfully invite the attention of all to an examination of my stock, as I shall sell low for cash.

I have also on hand and intend constantly to keep, a large and well selected assortment of

Ladie's & Gentlemen's Boots & Shoes.

including all of the latest styles and patterns. Also,

Boys and Youths Boots and Shoes,

Misses and Children's Shoes, all kinds,

Travelling and hair Trunks, Valices, Bonnet Boxes, Carpei Bags, Satchels, Blacking, Brushes, &c. All of which will be sold at the lowest prices for cash, by

A. J. PARTIN,

Sign of the Big Boot.

Raleigh, September 18, 1852. 88—

A Good assortment of Ladies', Misses and Children's dressed and undressed MOROCCO BOOTEES. Also a great variety of Ladies, Misses, and Children's Black and colored Prunella and lasting GAITERS. Come and supply yourselves at A. J. PARTIN'S.

Raleigh, Sign of the Big Boot.

GENTLEMEN who are desirous of good health would do well to call at A. J. Partin's and supply themselves with a pair of Cork Sole or Water-proof BOOTS, which they can purchase for a small sum of money not exceeding four dollars and fifty cents.

Raleigh, Sept. 18, 1852. 88—

JUST OPENED, a good assortment of Gents fine Calf Stitched Boots and Shoes. Also, 200 pairs business boots. A. J. PARTIN.

Raleigh, Sept. 16th, 1852. 88—

Boots and Shoes!

NO change on the former price of BOOTS and SHOES at Tucker's.

45 Cases just opened, consisting in part of the following:

Robinson's White and Black Kid Slippers,
do White Satin Slippers.
do Thick and thin Sole Gaiters, with and without Ties.
Robinson's Kid Walking Shoes and Buskins,
do Kid and Enamelled Boots
do Thick Soled Goat Boots for Ladies, Misses and children.
Ladies Seal and Kip Buskins.
Women's Morocco and Leather Boots,
Men's fine Kip, Lined and Bound Shoes.
do Single and double soled Brogans, a large lot.
Boy's and children's fine Kip, Lined and Bound Shoes and Brogans.
Men's, boy's and children's Kip and Brogan Boots.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Just Arrived.

VOL. VI., English Reports in Law and Equity.

The use of Sunshine, by the authoress of "The Maiden Aunt." "The Story of a Family," &c.

Margaret Cecil, by Cousin Kate.

Women of Christianity, by Julia Kavanagh, author of "Nathlie," "Madeline," &c.

Hearts unveiled, or, "I know you would like him," by Sarah Emery Saymore.

Dream Life, a fable of the seasons, by Ike Marvel, author of "Reveries of a Batchelor," "Lorgnette," &c.

For sale by W. L. POMEROY.

Raleigh, April 13th, 1852. 46—

JUST ARRIVED. 700 lbs. best Ohio Hams, is situated about 1 1-2 miles from Forestville.

500 lbs. best Goshen Cheese,
200 lbs. best Goshen Butter,
500 lbs. bacon Lard.
2 barrels fine Northern Apples.
2 boxes Lemons and Sicily Oranges,
6 bbls. fresh Soda, Water and Sugar Crackers.
3 bbls. fresh Herrings and Mackerel, &c. &c.

Call at FR. MAHLER'S,

At the west side of the Capitol.

October 27th, 1852. 99—4t.

PIANO FORTES.

THE Ladies are respectfully invited to call and examine a new and varied assortment of rich and equal Toned Piano Fortes, made by the best Manufacturers in the United States, (Bonnell, Davis & Co.) We challenge competition.

TURNER'S N. C. BOOK STORE.

P. S. Also a fine lot of Piano Stools, and the latest assortment of new Sheet Music, the most fashionable of the day.

Raleigh, Jan. 16, 1851. 22—

CLOTHING EMPORIUM!

"We Study to Please."

THE Subscriber has just returned from the Northern Cities, where he has been engaged in superintending the manufacture of his entire

STOCK OF CLOTHING.

Which is now being opened

AT HIS NEW STORE.

Old Stand,

Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

His Store is fitted up in a style of elegance, superior to any in the State, and his Stock presents attractions, rarely to be seen, except in the large assortments of the Northern cities. E. L. HARDING.

Raleigh, October 4th, 1852. 83

Wake Agricultural Society.

THE members of the Society will meet pursuant to adjournment on Saturday next, 13th instant, at 11 o'clock, at the Court-House.

WILSON W. WHITAKER, *Sec.*

Nov. 8th, 1852. 103—2t.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

JAMES McKIMMON.

Fayetteville St., next door to the N. C. Bookstore,

HAS in store and is now receiving a full assortment of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, together with his usual supplies of Groceries, Hardware, Queens-ware, Hats and Caps, which he offers to the public, Wholesale and Retail, on liberal terms, consisting in part of the following:

Printed Cashmere and DeLaines, new and beautiful designs,
Brocade Silks, very rich,
Fancy fig'd and plain do
Plain bl'k and watered do
French Merinos of every shade,
English do do
French and Earlston Ginghams, Fancy and Black and White,
French, English and American Prints of the latest style,
4-4 to 12-4 Tarlton Wool Shawls, all qualities
8-4 to 10-4 Long do do
Black and Mode colors do
Embroidered Linen Cambric Hd'k'fs,
Hem Stitch and Tape Bord'd do
Black, White and Fancy Kid Gloves for Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses and children,
Black Nett and Plain Silk do do do
Silk and Cotton Hosiery of all kinds,
Merino, Thibbet and Wool Gloves do
Damask Table Diapers, 6-4, 8-4 and 10-4 wide,
Bird Eye, Scotch and Russia Diapers,
Huckaback, Bleached and Brown,
Damask Napkins and Doylies,
Bamsley Sheeting, 6-4 and 12-4 wide, Pillow Case Linen,
Irish Linen, Long Lawn, French Lawn,
Jackonett, Cambric, Plaid and Swiss Muslins, and Nansook do
Plain and Dotted Swiss do
White, Red, Green and Yellow Flannels, in great variety,
Blue and Brown Cotton Shirtings and Sheetings,
Kerseys, Linseys and Osnaburgs,
Cloths, Cassimers and Vestings, a complete assortment.

HATS AND CAPS.

Just to hand a general assortment of Fashionable Fall style for Men, Boys and Children.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Now opning my usual large supply for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys, Misses and Children, in great variety. Also, Men's and Boy's heavy Brogans single and double soles, suitable for the Farmers.

COTTON BAGGING, ROPE AND TWINE.

A large Lot of Gunny, Dundee, and German Bagging, Hemp and Jute Rope and Twine.

GROCERIES.

A complete assortment of Brown, Crushed, Ground and Clarified Sugars,
Java, Laguria and Rio Coffee,
Sugar-House Molasses and Syrup, choice Teas,
Choice Champagne, Maderia, Sherry and Port Wines,
Cogniac Brandy and old Monongahela Whiskey,
Segars of the most approved Brands.

Sept. 21, 1852. 91—1y.

N. C. Fashionable Jewelry Store.

PALMER & RAMSAY,

DEALERS IN

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,

All Kinds of Jewelry, of the Latest Styles,

SILVER AND PLATED WARE, CUTLERY,

Perfumery, Fancy Goods and Clocks.

THE subscribers are now receiving their Fall purchase, which is one of the most extensive ever offered for sale in the State. Consisting of

100 Gold and Silver Watches,
Large collection of Gold Chains, Seals and Keys.
A fine lot of Diamond Rings and Pins,
Fashionable Earrings, Breastpins and Rings,
Bracelets, Cuff Pins and Armlets,
Very large assortment of Gold, Silver and Steel

Spectacles,

Gold and Silver Thimbles,
Gold and Silver Pencils and Pens and Lockets,
Steel Pens and Keys, Razors, Strops and Pen Knives,
Silver Table, Deserts and Tea Spoons,
Ladles, Forks and Butter Knives, and Pickle Knives and Forks.
Castors, Candlesticks, Snuffers and Trays,
Baskets, Waiter Coffee Urn,
Gerondoles, Coral and Card Cases,
Perfumery and Fancy Goods.
All kinds of Watches, Jewelry and Clocks repaired in our usual manner.

October 4, 1852. 94—

FEMALE CLASSICAL INSTITUTE.

HILLSBOROUGH STREET.

THE Annual Examination of the Pupils of this Institution will take place the first week in December next, beginning on Wednes

STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

TUESDAY, November 16, 1852.

Mr. Drake, from the Committee on Claims, reported the resolution back to the Senate, in favor of Rufus H. Page, and recommended its adoption.

Mr. Watson, from the committee on Propositions and Grievances, reported back the bill to attach a portion of Davidson to Forsyth, and asked to be discharged.

Mr. Boyd introduced the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Committee on Finance be instructed to enquire into the expediency of so amending the revenue laws of last session as to equalize the tax on those who buy and sell slaves. Also, to amend the second section, so as to strike out the words "bills receivable," so that profits made by Banks be placed on the same condition as their dividends or profits. Also, to further amend the second section, so as to strike out the words "that every person shall have thirty dollars of interest, dividend or profit," and insert in lieu thereof "six dollars." Also, the propriety of laying an *ad valorem* tax on everyt slecies of personal property not already taxed, excep spaves, which are now exempted by the Constitution.

Mr. Thomas introduced a bill to incorporate the Charleston, Blue Ridge and Chattanoga Rail Road Company. [Bill provides for the construction of a Road from the Tennessee River in Macon county, through Cherokee county, to the Tennessee line in the direction of Chattanoga.] Referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

Mr. Canaday introduced a bill to incorporate Mount Energy Lodge, in the County of Granville. Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

Bills on their Second Reading.

Bill concerning public roads, ferries and bridges in the county of Craven. Passed.

Bill to amend the 1st section of the 64th chapter of Revised Statutes, entitled filial portions, legacies, &c. Laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

Bill for the better administration of Justice. Passed.

Bill to increase the revenue of the State, by the sale of the bonds of the State.

Bill to amend an act regulating pay of Jurors in Craven County. Laid on the table.

Bill to lay off and establish a new County, to be called New River. Laid on the table and made the order of the day for to-morrow morning, 12 o'clock.

Bill to give the election of Clerks and Masters in Equity, to the people. Passed, 22 to 19.

Bill to incorporate the Haywood and Chapel Hill Plank Road Company. Passed.

Bill to amend an act incorporating Anson Plank Road Company. Passed.

Bill to incorporate the Fayetteville and Raleigh Plank Road Company. Passed.

Bill to incorporate the Greensborough Mutual Insurance and Trust Company, was amended, and passed. The rules being suspended, read third time and passed.

Third reading of Bills.

Bill concerning the Conrad Hill Gold Mining Company. Passed.

Bill to amend an act incorporating the Western Plank Road Company. Passed.

Bill to attach a portion of Wilkes to Alexander. Laid on the table.

Bill allowing Justices of the Peace to resign to the County Courts, and for other purposes. Passed.

Bill to incorporate the Gulph and Graham Plank Road Company. Passed.

Bill to amend an act incorporating Lewis Gold Mining Company. Passed.

Bill to incorporate the Pee Dee Plank Road Company. Passed.

First Reading of Engrossed Bills.

Bill to incorporate Zion Hill Female College in the county of Randolph. Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

Bill to confirm a grant of land heretofore issued to B. H. Stanmire. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Bill to repeal an act entitled "an act to prevent the obstruction of the passage of fish at inlets on the sea coast of the State." Referred to the committee on Propositions and Grievances.

Mr. Cowper offered a resolution, that a message be sent to the House of Commons proposing to go into an election of a Solicitor for the first Judicial Circuit, to-morrow at 12 o'clock. Laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Gilmer, the Senate adjourned.

In Monday's proceedings Mr. Steele is represented as presenting a bill relative to the Yanceyville Plank Road. It should have been the "*Anson Plank Road.*"

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

TUESDAY, November 16, 1852.

On motion of Mr. Cherry the bill to appoint a superintendant of common Schools was taken up and made the order of the day for to-morrow, 11 o'clock.

A message was received from the Senate informing the House that it had rejected the bill to extend the right of appeal in certain cases.

Also that it had adopted a resolution proposing that both Houses of the General Assembly adjourn on the 15th of December, and asking the concurrence of the House.

Mr. Williams, of Warren, moved to lay on the table, which was not agreed to—yeas 26, nays 73.

Mr. Philips, of Orange, said he was anxious that the Legislature should adjourn as soon as possible, but he thought the resolution premature. No important business had yet been transacted, and it was impossible to transact it before the 15th of December. Instead of occupying time by discussing such a resolution as this, it would be better to go on with the business and get ready to adjourn. He would not, by his vote, put the House in a false position, in which it would be driven to rescind the resolution if it now passed, in order to get through with the business that must be transacted at this session.

Mr. George, of Columbus, thought it better to concur in the resolution in order to get rid of similar propositions in future. He did not think the Legislature would adjourn until the business was gone through with; and the resolution could be rescinded, if necessary.

Mr. Scales, of Rockingham, moved to postpone the further consideration of the resolution till December 10th, which did not prevail—yeas 45, nays 65.

The resolution was then concurred in, yeas 72, nays 38.

A message was received from the Senate transmitting the engrossed bill to repeal an act of 1850–'51 establishing the county of Jackson, which passed its first reading.

On motion of Mr. Love, of Haywood, the rules were suspended and the bill put upon its second reading.

Mr. Love then moved to amend by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting, as a substitute, a supplemental bill to carry into effect the act establishing the said county.

On motion of Mr. Wheeler, of Lincoln, the bill and amendment were laid upon the table and made the special order of the day for Tuesday next.

A message was received from the Senate proposing an amendment to the bill to incorporate the Gulf and Graham plankroad company, which was concurred in.

Mr. Caldwell, of Guilford, from the committee on Corporations, reported the bill to incorporate the Mutual Insurance Company in the town of Fayetteville, which was read a second time and passed.

On motion of Mr. Saunders, of Wake, the bill to incorporate the Atlantic and North Carolina railroad company was taken up and made the special order of the day for Monday next.

Mr. Blow, of Pitt, introduced a bill to amend an act of 1850–'51 to incorporate the Greenville and Raleigh Plankroad company. Referred to committee on Internal Improvements.

Also a bill to amend 104th chapter of Revised Statutes, concerning public roads, ferries and bridges. Passed first reading.

Mr. Strange, of New Hanover, a bill to incorporate the Seaman's Friend's Society. Referred to committee on Corporations.

Mr. Caldwell, of Guilford, from the committee on Corporations, reported the bill to incorporate the Franklinsville Manufacturing company, in the county of Randolph. Read second time and passed.

Mr. Cherry, from the committee on Finance, reported adversely on the bill to repeal sec. 2 chapter 79 of Revised Statutes, concerning pedlars' license. Read and rejected.

Also adversely on the resolution to enquire into the expediency of laying a tax on ready made clothing brought into the State. Report concurred in and committee discharged.

Mr. Thornburgb, of Randolph, introduced a bill to incorporate the Euwharrie and Yadkin plankroad company. Referred to committee on Internal Improvements.

Mr. Calloway, of Ashe, a bill to authorize E. C. Bartlett, sheriff of Ashe, to collect arrears of taxes. Referred to committee on Private Claims.

Mr. Webb, of Rutherford, a bill to lay off a road over the Blue Ridge at Jude's gap. Referred to committee on Internal Improvements.

Mr. Bynum, of Northampton, a bill to incorporate Cherith Division, No. 25, S. of T. Referred to committee on Corporations.

Mr. Munday, of Macon, a bill to expedite trials and avoid unnecessary cost in punishing petty offences. Referred to committee on the Judiciary. [Gives justices of peace jurisdiction in cases of assault and battery, with right of appeal only where security is given to indemnify the county against costs.]

Mr. Carmichael, of Wilkes, a bill to repeal in part an act of 1850–'51 establishing a Superior court of law in Watauga county. Referred to committee on Propositions and Grievances.

Mr. Brooks, of Pasquotank, a bill to incorporate Jonesborough Division, No. 201, S. of T. Referred to committee on Corporations.

On motion of Mr. Saunders, of Wake, the House went into committee of the whole, Mr. Cherry, of Bertie, in the chair.

The question being on the amendment offered on yesterday by Mr. Long, of Randolph,

Mr. Puryear, of Surry, offered to amend by striking out the original bill and substituting one providing for one additional Judicial circuit, to be called the 8th circuit.

The committee was addressed by Messrs. Puryear, Caldwell of Guilford, Miller, Baxter, Hill of Caswell, Dobbin, Lench, Saunders of Wake, and Reid of Duplin.

Mr. Avery raised the point of order whether Mr Puryear's amendment could be considered, the amendment of Mr. Long being before the committee first.

The chairman decided that Mr. Puryear's amendment was not in order.

On motion of Mr. Reid, of Duplin, the committee rose.

Mr. Cooke, of Wilkes, offered a resolution authorizing H. T. Dyer, late Sheriff of Wilkes, to collect arrears of taxes.

And the House adjourned.

SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 17, 1852.

Mr. Clark, from the committee on Corporations, to whom was referred the bill to incorporate Mt. Energy Lodge, in the County of Granville, reported back the bill, and stated, that a general law had been passed for the incorporation of Charitable and Benevolent Societies; and that the bill in question came under the provisions of said law, and that further legislation was unnecessary thereon.

Mr. Clark, from same committee, reported back the bill to incorporate Cumberland Academy, in the county of Cumberland, with an amendment.

Mr. Woodfin introduced a memorial, which, without being read, was referred to the committee on Propositions and Grievances.

Mr. Gilmer offered a resolution, that, during the absence of the principal clerk, by sickness, the assistant door-keeper be authorized to employ an assistant. Adopted.

Second Reading of Bills.

Bill to pay Rufus H. Page $50 for preparing a tabular statement for the use of the Legislature. Passed; rules suspended, read third time and passed.

Bill to attach a portion of Davidson to Forsyth. Laid on the table.

Bills on their third Reading.

Bill to increase the revenue of the State, from the sale of its bonds. Passed.

Bill to amend an act regulating the pay of jurors in Craven. Passed.

Bill to amend an act incorporating the Anson Plank Road Company. Passed.

Bill to incorporate the Haywood and Raleigh Plank Road Company. Passed.

Bill giving the election of Clerks and Masters to the people.

Messrs. Caldwell and Kelly opposed the passage of the bill.

Mr. Shaw advocated its passage. He said he had the utmost confidence in the capacity of the people for self government. It was right they should say who should be their officers—and it was contrary to the genius of liberty to withold from them this privilege.

Mr. Thompson called for the yeas and nays. The bill was rejected—yeas 18, nays 25.

The bill to lay off and establish a new county, to be called *Sevier*, being the order of the day,

Mr. Bower asked for the reading of the memorial which accompanied the bill. The memorial being read,

Mr. Bower said, in substance, that he asked for the establishment of this county for county purposes, and he hoped there would not be a dissenting voice to the passage of the bill. He said the proposed county did not now contain the population required to constitute a county, under the requirements of the Constitution, but such was the prosperity of the country, he would take the responsibility of saying, it would contain the number long before the next apportionment shall take place. He said the county of Ashe contained nearly a population of 9,000; and such was the improvements in the agricultural pursuits of that country, that he had no fears for the increase not being sufficient. He said there was another cause why the population would rapidly increase, and that was, that in the State of Virginia, the public debt was great—counties had been allowed to take stock in Railroads, thus fixing upon the people a burdensome and onerous tax. Already the tide of emigration has begun to flow into this State, from the adjoining counties in Virginia, and would continue to a very considerable extent, while her taxes were high, and a prospect of being higher.

He said the people of that portion of Ashe, who now petitioned for a new county, were compelled to travel to and from Court, a very considerable distance, cross rivers, which, in the winter, endanger their lives, from the fact, that they had often to ride or walk over these rivers on ice. These were considerations, to his mind, which called for the establishment of a new county, which would obviate the difficulty. He would not say, wait twenty years for the population to increase, but he believed, in less than half the time it would be more than sufficient.

As a proof of the growing prosperity of his country, Mr. Bower said, from the sale of town lots, the county had been enabled to build its Court House and other public buildings; and, if Senators would take the trouble to examine the Census for the past ten years, and compare with the previous one, they would not hesitate to believe that the increase for the next ten years would be in proportion. He hoped the bill would pass.

Mr. Steele did not doubt the fact that the country alluded to by the Senator from Ashe, was a prosperous part of North Carolina; and he hoped it would continue to prosper and increase in population; still, the Senator from Ashe admitted it did not contain the Constitutional requisition to constitute it a county, and he was opposed to doing what he would, or might be sorry for hereafter. He must oppose the passage of the bill; and called for the yeas and nays.

Mr. Bower replied briefly to Mr. Steele, and, the vote being taken, the bill was rejected—yeas 16, nays 28.

On motion of Mr. Brogden, the bill to make Railroad Companies liable for damage to property, from fire from Locomotives, was taken up.

Mr. Brogden offered an amendment, which was rejected.

The question then recurring on the passage of the bill the second time,

The yeas and nays were called for, and resulted, yeas 8, nays 36. So the bill was rejected.

Mr. Hoke introduced a bill to confirm grants of land made for the benefit of iron works; which was referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Lillington moved to reconsider the vote by which the Anson Plank Road Company had passed its third time; which motion prevailed, and the question being on the passage of the bill, its third reading,

Mr. Steele proposed an amendment, which prevailed. [The amendment gives the Company power to extend their road to Salisbury.] The bill then passed.

A message was received from the House of Commons, transmitting a letter from Chief Justice Ruffin, with a proposition to print, which was agreed to.

After the reading of the letter, Messrs. Joyner and Gilmer made appropriate and feeling remarks on the public and private character of Judge Ruffin; and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 17, 1852.

The Speaker presented the following communication from Chief Justice Ruffin, which was read by the Clerk:

To the Honorable the General Assembly of North Carolina, now in session.

GENTLEMEN: I desire to retire to the walks of private life, and therefore pray your honorable body to accept the resignation of my place on the bench of the Supreme Court. In surrendering this trust I would wish to express my grateful sense of the confidence and honors so often and so long bestowed on me by the General Assembly. But I have no language to do it suitably. I am very sensible that they were far beyond my deserts, and that I have made an indifferent return of service. Yet I can truly aver, that to the best of my ability I have administered the law as I understood it, and to the ends of suppressing crime and wrong and upholding virtue truth and right; aiming to give confidence to honest men, and to confirm in all good citizens a love for our country and a sure trust in her laws and magistrates. In my place I hope I have contributed to those ends; and I firmly believe that our laws will, as heretofore, be well executed, and our people, happy in the administration of justice, honest and contented as long as they keep, and only as long as they keep, the independent and sound judiciary now established in the Constitution—which, with all other blessings, I earnestly pray may be perpetuated to the people of North Carolina.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen,
Your most obliged and obt. servant.
THOMAS RUFFIN.

Raleigh, November 10th, 1852.

On motion of Mr. Saunders, of Wake, the above communication was ordered to be spread upon the journals, transmitted to the Senate with a proposition to print and refer to a joint select committee of three from the Senate and five from the House.

A message was received from the Senate proposing two amendments to the bill to incorporate the Mutual Insurance and Trust Company, which were concurred in.

Mr. Phillips, of Orange, introduced a bill to establish the competency of certain evidence, which was referred to the Judiciary committee. [The bill destroys the doctrine of incompetency of witnesses on account of interest or criminality, except parties to the records and their wives.]

Mr. Carmichael, of Wilkes, a bill to lay off a new County to be called Clay, formed out of portions of Wilkes and Caldwell. Referred to committee on Propositions and Grievances.

Mr. Leach, of Davidson, presented a memorial from citizens of Davidson praying for the establishment of a German college in Catawba county. Referred to committee on Education.

Mr. Bynum, of Northampton, introduced a bill to incorporate Invincible Division, No. 184, S. of T. Referred to committee on Corporations.

Mr. Wiley, of Guilford, offered a resolution tendering the use of the Commons Hall to Professor Emmons, State Geologist, to-night, for the purpose of delivering a lecture.

Mr. Dobson, of Surry, a resolution instructing the committee on Internal Improvements to enquire into the expediency of the State's taking stock in the Yadkin navigation company. Adopted.

Mr. Burton, of Cleaveland, a resolution that a message be sent to the Senate proposing to raise a joint select committee to enquire into the expediency of adopting the free banking system. Rejected.

Mr. McIntyre, of Richmond, introduced a bill to incorporate Lawrinburgn High School. Referred to committee on Corporations.

Mr. Martin, of Franklin, offered a resolution in favor of W. W. Green and L. A. Jeffreys. Referred to committee on Claims.

Mr. Long, of Randolph, introduced a bill in relation to liabilities of sureties on administration bonds. Referred to Judiciary committee.

Mr. Jones, of Tyrrell, offered a resolution to send a message to the Senate proposing to go into election of State Treasurer on Saturday next. Laid on the table.

Mr. Wheeler, of Lincoln, a resolution instructing the committee on Internal Improvements to examine the act incorporating the Catawba navigation company and report what amendments are necessary. Adopted.

On motion of Mr. Shimpock the bill to incorporate the Concord and Anson plankroad company was taken up and the amendments proposed by the Senate concurred in.

The special order of the day, being the bill to appoint a superintendant of common schools and for other purposes, was then taken up, and Messrs. Cherry, Wiley, Spruill, Avery, McNeill, Phillips, and Long of Randolph, addressed the House in favor of the bill with the amendments proposed by the committee.

Messrs. Martin, Webb and Scales spoke against the bill in its present shape.

Mr. Scales, of Rockingham, moved to recommit the bill to the committee on education in order that some changes might be proposed. Not agreed to.

The amendments proposed by the committee were then adopted.

Mr. Wiley, of Guilford, offered an amendment providing that all monies collected from defaulting chairmen shall be placed to the credit of those counties, which was adopted; and the bill passed its second reading.

On motion of Mr. Love, of Haywood, the rules were suspended and the bill put upon its third reading.

The yeas and nays were demanded by Mr. Marshall, and resulted in yeas 65, nays 48, as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Adams, Albertson, Alford, Allen, Amis, Avery, Blow, Brooks, Burton, Bynum of Northampton, Caldwell, of Guilford, Caldwell of Lincoln, Carmichael, Cherry, Cook, Cotton, Corbett, Daniel, Dobbin, Durham, Erwin, Eure, Fagg, George, Godwin, Harris of Cabarrus, Hawkins, Johnson, Lander, Leach, Lockhart, Long of Randolph, Lowry, Love, Mooring, McDugald, McIntyre, McNeill, Norfleet, Pegram, Perry, Perkins, Phelps, Phillips, Reid of Duplin, Rives, Sanders of Johnston, Saunders of Wake, Shimpock, Simons, Smith, Spruill, Strange, Stubbs, Tripp, Turner of Iredell, Turner of Orange, Watters, Ward, Wheeler, Williams of Greene, Williams of Warren, Wiley, Wilder and Wynne—65.

NAYS—Messrs. Barco, Barret, Black, Bryant, Bynum of Chatham, Byrd, Calloway, Chesnut, Christmas, Dargan, Dobson, Dunn, Ellis, Furr, Gaither, Gwynn, Harris of Davidson, Herring, Hill of Caswell, Hill of Duplin, Holeman, Jarvis, Jones, Long of Caswell, Lyon, of Granville, Martin, Marshall, Matthews, Miller, Mills, Munday, Puryear, Reid of Rockingham, Russell, Sauls, Scales, Sherrill, Styles, Sutton, Teague, Thornburgh, Tolson, Trexler, Walton, Waugh, Webb, Whitehurst, and Wood.—48.

A message was received from the Senate agreeing to print Judge Ruffin's letter of resignation and concurring in the proposition to raise a joint select committee thereon.

The House part of said committee consists of Messrs. Saunders, Phillips, Norfleet, Amis and Collins.

A message was received from the Governor transmitting the report of the President and Directors of the Raleigh and Gaston railroad Company, which was sent to the Senate with a proposition to print.

House adjourned.

SENATE.

THURSDAY, Nov. 18, 1852.

Mr. Watson, from the committee on Propositions and Grievances, to whom was referred the bill to emancipate James Lankford, reported back the bill, with recommendation to pass.

Mr. Brogden introduced a series of resolutions, making sundry enquiries of the President of the Central Railroad, which were rejected.

Mr. Kelly introduced a bill to extend the right of appeal—to expedite trials and obviate the accumulation of costs. Referred to the Judiciary committee.

Mr. Clark, from the Commtttee on Corporations, to whom was referred the bill to increase the capital stock of the Bank of Wadesborough, reported back the bill, and recommended that it do not pass.

Mr. Withers moved to reconsider the vote by which the Senate, on yesterday, rejected the bill to establish a new county by name of Sevier.

The motion prevailed; and the question then recurring on the passage of the bill a second time.

Mr. Bower moved to lay on the table. Agreed to.

First reading of Engrossed Bills.

A bill to incorporate the town of Jonesville, in the county of Yadkin.

Bill to amend an act incorporating the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad. Referred to the committee on Internal Improvements.

Second reading of a Bill.

A bill to incorporate the Cumberland Academy in the county of Cumberland. Amended by striking out the seventh section, and passed. The rules were suspended, and the bill passed its third reading.

On motion of Mr. McCleese, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

THURSDAY, Nov. 18, 1852.

Mr. Phillips introduced a bill to incorporate South Lowell Academy in Orange county, which passed its first reading.

Mr. Waugh a bill to attach a portion of Yadkin county to Surry. The rules were suspended and the bill passed its 2nd and 3d readings.

Mr. Avery submitted a resolution authorizing the committee on Internal Improvements to employ an engineer to examine the works on Deep river above Fayetteville and report to the present Legislature. Adopted.

Mr. Wilder introduced a bill to incorporate the trustees of the Holly Springs high school in Wake county. Also a bill to incorporate Wake Forest male academy in Wake county; both of which were referred to the committee on Corporations.

Mr. Johnston, of Guilford, offered a resolution that the House take a recess from 2 o'clock to 3½ from and after Monday next, and that it hold evening sessions.

Mr. Puryear a resolution to authorize H. G. Hampton, late sheriff of Surry, to collect arrears of taxes. Referred to committee on Private Bills.

Mr. Caldwell, of Guilford, a resolution that, with the concurrence of the Senate, the Supreme Court be requested to examine whether the law by which the School Fund is distributed among the several counties is constitutional.

On motion of Mr. Reid, of Duplin, it was laid on the table by a vote of 84 to 23.

On motion of Mr. Saunders, of Wake, the House went into committee of the whole on the Judiciary bill, Mr. Cherry, of Bertie, in the Chair.

The question being on the amendment offered by Mr. Long, of Randolph, to strike out that portion of the bill which divides the State into three judicial districts, it was adopted.

Mr. Puryear then moved to strike out all after the enacting clause and insert a substitute providing for one additional judicial circuit.

Messrs. Puryear, Long of Randolph, Baxter, Turner of Orange and Hill of Duplin spoke in favor of the amendment, and Messrs. Dobson, Caldwell of Guilford and Hill of Caswell agasnst it.

Without taking a vote the committee rose, and the Speaker resumed the chair.

A message was received from the Governor transmitting the report of the Board of Internal Improvement, which was sent to the Senate with a proposition to print.

The report of the Comptroller was sent to the Senate with a proposition to print.

Bills on their third Reading.

Bill to incorporate the Geensborough and Deep River Navigation Company. Amended and passed.

Bill to establish the Farmer's Bank in Elizabeth City. Passed.

House adjourned.

A SIGNIFICANT FACT. Gen. Scott could not carry his native State, Virginia, nor his adopted State, New Jersey. And even Wm. A. Graham could not carry North Carolina!

In Virginia, in seventy-six counties and three towns Gen. Pierce gains 5,598. Good for the Old Dominion. *Fayetteville Carolinian.*

For the Standard.

No. 1.

To the Honorable Members of the Senate and House of Commons of North Carolina:

Of the many important subjects that will doubtless engage your deliberations the present session, none I am sure is more entitled to your undivided attention than that of popular Education.

This subject appeals to the liberal spirit, warm approval and hearty co-operation of every citizen of the State, but its claims to your care and patronage are heightened by your twofold character of citizen and legislator. The full weight and responsibility of this high position I hope you duly appreciate. Your authoritative influence over the most valuable interest of a great State—the primary education of her people, invests your new relations to this subject with increased interest and with deep and lasting reponsibility.

In addressing you a few suggestions upon the importance of your early attention to this subject I hope not to be considered vain by expressing the belief that they will receive your anxious attention. The members of the Legislature of 48–'9 read with deep interest the address of an intelligent and benevolent lady of the North upon the condition of the poor insane of the State, and manifested an encouraging spirit by appropriating a sufficiency to build an Asylum. A native citizen, in a more humble way, is now ambitious of contributing to an equally philanthropic object and of pressing its importance upon the attention of the members of the present Legislature.

By education is meant the proper use of those instruments of knowledge which the elements of science afford, for developing, strengthening, training, and moralizing the mind of children and of implanting those great principles of virtue, knowledge, patriotism and religion, which guarantee their future usefulness to society, and happiness to themselves. This is of two kinds—Elemental and Scientific. The former relates more particularly to the instruction of the popular mind, and hence comes more directly under the control of the Government. By the constitution of our nature the beginning of our education or use of its instrumentalities, are intrusted to parents, who are necessarily the first teachers of children. Every parent adopts a system of instruction in learning its child to stand—to walk—to talk, and to distinguish objects by names, which not only requires an exercise of the senses of hearing, seeing and feeling, but to a considerable degree the faculties of the mind are employed. These are first lessons in education impressed upon the mind by the care, affection and fidelity of parents. The government is here prohibited from any direct participation, except when divising a public educational system, the same instruction is not imparted by considering and educating every girl attendant as a future mother and every boy as an elector, juror, citizen and father, thereby becoming the right kind of instructors in return. This then brings the whole subject matter of primary education under the supervision of the government, and for this it should be held responsible. Every child has a right to claim an education as a legacy from the State government and hold it blameable for every case of omission, and to a great degree responsible for the misery, degradation and crimes of ignorance. From the time, therefore, the Legislature of North Carolina adopted a system of Common Schools and burthened the property of her citizens with taxes to maintain it, should she be looked upon as the foster-mother of every poor child within her limits.

You cannot but be apprised that the system now in existence in this State is so defective in its provisions, rules and regulations, that the distribution of the large fund to sustain it, is turned to but poor account, and that very little if any good results from its connexion with the public authorities. While our Legislature has manifested a liberal spirit upon every other subject and obtained for the State already gigantic growth in the facilities of public improvement, our Common School system has not received that attestion which it merits and claims to your patronage demanded. As continued indifference on the part of the Legislature has not only checked its gradual improvement as a public system, but actually paralised and rendered hopeless the efforts of private enterprise to promote its success. Obtaining no perfection, its existence only serves to excuse individual exertion and prevent the encouragement of private Schools. Alive to every scheme of speculation where wealth or personal interest can be advanced, our people have never been sufficiently interested in the cause of popular education to induce them to lay hold with an appreciative spirit and obtain for their children a more substantial legacy in their mental elevation. Let them but feel and know that cooperation with the public authorities and proper exertion on the part of both would soon remove all the obstacles now operating against the efficiency of the system, and exalt our primary schools to a rank among the first in the State. If public sentiment could be awakened up to the subject—new light spread abroad—the indifference of parents removed, and all who are interested in the promotion of education engaged in the work, then we might soon see and appreciate the adoption of a judicious system of Common Schools to the wants and condition of our people. It is for the Legislature to begin this reform, and it is to your intelligence and patriotism I now appeal in its behalf.

A very commendable spirit of improvement has been exhibited by nearly every county in the State, in the erection of new Court Houses, Jails, and more commodious buildings for the support and treatment of the poor. This is as it should be; and although it betokens some county pride, much more might be shown by the improvement of our District School Houses, scattered as they are through the several Counties, and showing by their condition that they are overlooked, dilapidated and uncared for. Let them begin to exhibit signs of improvement, and it will soon lessen the necessity of having finer houses for trial, punishment and suffering. By raising our taxes to build more suitable school houses and to further more extensive amendments to our School system would soon lessen the amount we now pay in the aggregate by diminishing the causes of crime and pauperism, for which we are now so heavily taxed. The statistics of other States and countries where judicious systems of public instruction have been devised, prove this statement to be true. Says Mr. Cousin, in a very able report on the Prussian system of Common Schools, "After the School system had been in operation fourteen years, the proportion of paupers and criminals had decreased 38 per cent."

We may boast of our splendid Capitol—the elegant accommodations provided for the Deaf and Dumb and the poor Insane of our State; but unless more extensive means are used for improving the morals and facilitating the education of our people these monuments of State pride, like the pyramids of the desert, will only attract attention because they tower in contrast to the darkness, crime and suffering that surround their base. Their brightness will serve but to reveal the deep gloom of ignorance beneath. Cold and lofty buildings will exhibit little evidence of State pride unless surrounded by the School House to mark alike the progress of science and a taste for architecture. Better that every valley should contain a plain but comfortable District School House than every hill-top a splendid edifice. Let me say, in the language of Epictitus to the Athenians, "You will confer the greatest benefit on your city, not by raising roofs, but by exalting the souls of your fellow-citizens; for it is better that great souls should live in small habitations, than abject slaves should burrow in great houses."

I shall not attempt to show here the connection between education and liberty, or ignorance and misrule. In the same degree that a child is unfit to govern itself is an uneducated man unable to appreciate the blessings of popular liberty. Education is the vital principle of democracy. The form of our government pleads in its behalf. Deriving its powers from the people as the primary source, it can alone be upheld, guarded and protected by those capable of appreciating its benefits. Where every citizen is free to exercise the elective franchise he should be capable of giving an enlightened vote. This gives to every man a measure of influence and a voice in the government and consequently a responsibility. His vote may tell upon the canvass. I see by a very intelligent writer in the Charleston Review, that the Republic of Chili, after devising a very judicious and efficient system of Common Schools, have inserted a provision prohibiting any one from voting unless advanced far enough in the rudiments of science to enable them to read and write—thus conditioning their citizenship in some degree upon mental cultivation. Without intending to endorse this provision, I have no doubt that it was inserted rather as a stimulus to procure this qualification from *all* than that *any* should be excluded by it. If this law was in force in North Carolina would our census returns show, as they now do, a larger proportion of our population unable to read and write than any other State in the Union? It is within your power to have it otherwise. You should look upon the encouragement of our District Schools as the only means of removing this stain from the character of our State, and of training our people in the duties of enlightened citizenship. The safety as well as character of our State demand it from you.

LONG CREEK.

REMARKS OF MR. BROGDEN,
OF WAYNE,

Delivered in the Senate on Monday, Nov. 15, 1852, on the bill to exempt persons of 65 years of age and upwards from serving on Juries.

The bill just read, provides for exempting from further service, persons liable to serve as Jurors in the Courts of law in this State after having arrived at the age of sixty-five years or upwards. It does not peremptorily discharge all who shall have attained the age of sixty-five years or more, but only such as may be desirous of availing themselves of the benefit of the act for their relief, by applying to the proper Court of the County of their residence, and making oath or affirmation that they have arrived at that age which is necessary for their discharge from further service as Jurors. This provision seems to be founded in justice, and approved by reason. The Constitution of this State exempts all free white men from the payment of a poll tax, after having passed the age of forty-five years. Such persons are also exempt from performing military duty, and from working the public roads, when they arrive at that age. But there is no law providing for the discharge of persons liable to serve as Jurors during their natural lives. If they become afflicted with any of the maladies incident to human life, their only security against the vigor of the law is in the clemency of the Courts.

A man who is liable to serve on juries, may be old, infirm, and afflicted; he may be in his decrepitude, and he is still subject to be summoned from his seclusion to satisfy the relentless demands of the law. He may have lived to that period in his declining years when repose should be desired, and when his greatest solace is to be found in retirement from the active affairs of this life. And nothing in the nature of legal enactments is more calculated to foster in the breasts of our citizens a love of our government than mild and humane laws—such as are equal in their protection and just in their operation. Nothing is more hurtful to the growth of patriotism than the noxious plant of tyranny and oppression. These are, in every country, the implacable foes of republican liberty and equality. They are the inveterate enemies of all free governments, and their disastrous effects and influence upon the prosperity and welfare of the people are sensibly realized and felt. Injustice is one of the vilest enemies of our civil and religious liberties. In its unholy warfare it injures without cause, oppresses without reason, and punishes without offence.

THE POWER OF SORROW. Sanctified sorrows, what power they possess. God has chosen his people in the furnaces of affliction. *Afflictions sanctified* take the heart away from the vanity of earth, and fix it on things above.

If riches vanish, you are more ready to think of the treasures that are laid up in Heaven. If honors fade, you will think more highly of the honor that comes from God only. If your reputation be injured by calumny, it will seem a small thing to be judged of man's judgment. If you make yourself, as our blessed Saviour did, "of no reputation," you will look up to God and enjoy his approving smile.

If friends are removed by death, your eyes follow them upward, as the prophet's did his ascending Master. If they have gone to rest in the embrace of their Saviour, you catch their falling mantle, and are led to aspire to the same glorious state. Tell us, young mother, since God took your beautiful babe and dressed it for the skies, and made it an angel of light, has not the world seemed poorer, and Heaven more replete with glorious realities? Tell us, aged parents, from whom God hath taken a daughter in the pride and beauty of early womanhood, quenching the light of her cultivated talents on earth, and veiling all her acquired accomplishments from the eyes of mortals, what think you now of Heaven? Does it not seem more certain and more near, more bright and more beautiful?

I ask that aged mother who sits infirm beside the deathbed of her son, and watches the decay of his manly form till the staff of declining days is broken, and she is left to sigh over the remembrance of his infant years and prattle, and his boyish actions and youthful impulses, and the kind and yearning spirit with which he always returned to her in seasons of absence, what thinkest thou now of Heavenly things? Is not Heaven nearer because earth is drear? Do not the many mansions glitter more brilliantly before thine eyes?

I ask that widowed Christian, from whom God has snatched away the husband of her youth, and the light of her eyes, and who remembers to-day his well-known step, and the accents of his voice, accents that still ring in her ear when she thinks of him, let thy brusied spirit testify, how do Heavenly things now appear, since the earth is bereft of its chief joy?

I make a similar appeal to that husband who has been called to lay a beloved wife in the grave, and has just now awakened to the fact that he did not duly appreciate her when living. She was so gentle that you was not aware of the power of her womanly influence over you, and so uncomplaining that you did not appreciate her claim upon your sympathies. You think now of the brightness of her countenance on the day of your espousals, of many little contrivances which she employed for your happiness. You knew she was mortal, and yet you felt that she could not leave you, that she must not die. But the pale destroyer came; the bloom fled from her cheek; the light of her eye was quenched; and that face which had been so full of life became cold in death. Have you, bereaved husband, bowed to God's dispensation and kissed the rod? How, then, do Heaven and earth compare, after such a stroke as this? Does the world appear a "paltry naked waste,"

"A dreary vale of tears?"

Does not Heaven seem more desirable, and more near? Does it appear to you like the New Jerusalem coming down from God out of Heaven?

MR. WEBSTER'S DEBTS. The Boston Transcript states that at a meeting of the citizens of Manchester, N. H., on Sunday evening last, the Rev. Mr. Davis, who had just returned from Marshfield, remarked:

"A word about his debts. I had heard again and again that he did not pay. I enquired of Mr. Abbott. Said he, "Mr. Davis, from my personal knowledge derived from keeping the private accounts of Mr. Webster I have some opportunity of knowing. Not a bill which has been presented for two or more years during which I have been with him, but it has been promptly paid, and a few days before he died he called the overseer of his farm, and gave him five hundred dollars to pay every man, sent for the minister and paid all that was due him, so it shall not be said Daniel Webster died in debt to any man.' These were the words of his private secretary, and I began to think those who knew Webster best loved him most; and, sir, I was convinced of it more and more as I approached Boston to-day."

A FORTUNE IN VIEW. Mr. John Crofts Coffield, aged 76 years, died on the 28th ult., at his residence in Ann street, where he had for several years lived in a penurious and retired manner. It was believed that by his penurious habits he had saved a small sum of money, earned at his trade, cobbling boots and shoes, but great was the surprise of his friends and others on overhauling the old boots in the corner of his room, soon after his death, to find some of them literally crammed with old wallets well filled with the "root of all evil." It is impossible at present to tell the amount of fortune he has left, but we have heard it estimated at so large a sum as to seem incredible, $200,000, and what makes it more interesting to the parties concerned, he has left a will as long as the moral law, well and faithfully executed, in which he decrees that his estate shall be kept in trust for *twenty years* before the heirs, with one exception, can receive any benefit thereform. *Boston paper, 6th.*

ATTENTION DEMOCRATS. The Democratic party of this town and county have determined to commemorate the recent brilliant and unparalleled victory of the Democracy of the country by a Supper, Torch-light Procession, &c., on Friday night next, 12th inst. The supper will be served up in the large room of the "Pioneer" office, and ample provision will be made for the accommodation of all our friends. It is suggested that the Democracy of the Town illuminate their houses on the occasion. It is earnestly hoped that our county friends will turn out in force.

Elizabeth City Pioneer.

THE STANDARD.

RALEIGH, SATURDAY, NOV. 20, 1852.

FREE SUFFRAGE.

We have already informed our readers that the majority of the Committee on Constitutional Amendments of the House of Commons of this State have reported *against* the passage of the Free Suffrage bill; and that a minority of the Committee have reported in its favor.

We have before us the majority Report, signed by W. S. Harris, W. H. Tripp, Willie Perry, and C. M. Stiles; and the name of Mr. Stiles, it will be seen, is also signed to the minority Report. We have never read a weaker document than the majority Report. We shall take it up in our next, and show to the people of the State the object of the opponents of Free Suffrage, and the tendency of their present movements.

The last Raleigh Register goes into a fit of *heroics* over a recent article of ours, in which we said the people of the State "have demanded Free Suffrage, and THEY SHALL HAVE IT." That paper attempts to create the impression that we are seeking to dictate to the Legislature, and it calls upon that body to give us an "indignant rebuke." We assume to dictate to no one. As one of the organs of the people we claim the right to utter our honest thoughts. We have exercised this right heretofore, and we expect to continue to do so, "in spite of lamentations here or elsewhere." We have proclaimed it, and we proclaim it again—certainly with all deference and respect for the members of Assembly—that the people of North Carolina have demanded Free Suffrage, and that the present bill ought to be passed, in obedience to that demand, and submitted to the people for their approval at the ballot-box.

But we do not propose to-day to go at length into the subject, having taken up our pen merely for the purpose of calling attention to the bill introduced by Mr. Avery and the Reports of the Committee. The bill and the minority Report are given below. We take occasion to say that the minority Report, though brief, presents the leading points in a strong light, and must command the approval of an immense majority of the freemen of the State:

"A BILL *to amend the Constitution of North Carolina.*

WHEREAS, at the last session of the General Assembly, A. D. 1850—'51, a Preamble and Bill proposing to amend the Constitution of North Carolina, was read three times in each House, and agreed to by three-fifths of the whole number of members of each House respectively, and has been duly published for six months previous to the election of the members to the present General Assembly: And, *Whereas*, it is the purpose of this Bill, to re-enact and agree to the alteration proposed in and by the Preamble, and the first section of the bill aforesaid, in the precise words and figures thereof, by the concurring votes of two thirds of the whole representation in each House of this General Assembly, after the same shall have been read three times, on three several days in each House;

Now "*Whereas* the freehold qualification, now required for electors for members of the Senate, conflicts with the fundamental principles of liberty, Therefore,

I. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, Two-thirds of the whole representation in each House concurring, "That the second clause of the third section of the first article of the amended constitution, ratified by the people of North Carolina, on the second Monday of November, A. D., 1835, be amended by striking out the words, "and possessed of a freehold within the same district, of fifty acres of land, for six months next before and at the day of election," so that the said clause of said section shall read as follows: 3. All free white men of the age of twenty-one years, (except as is hereinafter declared,) who have been inhabitants of any one district within the State, twelve months immediately preceding the day of any election, and shall have paid public taxes, shall be entitled to vote for a member of the Senate."

II. *Be it further enacted*, That the foregoing amendment to the Constitution of this State, as embodied in the preceding section, be submitted by the Governor to the people, on the first Thursday of August, A. D., 1853, thirty days notice having been given, and that the polls be opened by the respective sheriffs, and kept open for one day, from the hour of ten o'clock in the morning, to the hour of 6 o'clock in the afternoon, at the several election precincts in each and every county in the State, under the same rules and regulations as now exist, for the election of members to the General Assembly: That the said sheriffs be required to compare and certify the results of the elections, on or before the Saturday following, and transmit the same in twenty days thereafter to the Governor of the State: That all persons qualified to vote for or against a ratification of said amendment: Those who wish a ratification of said amendment, voting with a printed or written ticket "*approved*;" those of a contrary opinion, "*not approved*." *Further*, That it shall be the duty of the sheriffs to make duplicate statements of the polls in their respective counties, sworn to before the Clerk of the County Court; one copy of which shall be deposited in said clerk's office, and the other copy transmitted to the Governor of the State, at Raleigh.

III. *Be it further enacted*, That when the returns aforesaid shall have been received, the same shall be opened by the Governor, in the presence of the Secretary of State and Treasurer; and in case a majority of the votes polled shall be in favor of a ratification of said amendment, the same shall be forthwith made known by a proclamation of the Governor to the people of the State. And thereupon, the Governor shall cause to be endorsed on the said amendment, as enrolled by the two Houses of this General Assembly, and shall annex thereunto a certificate under his signature, declaring that said amendment has been ratified by the people of North Carolina; and the Secretary of State shall countersign the said certificate, and annex thereto the great seal of the State: And the said amendment, so enrolled, with the certificate aforesaid, shall be forever kept among the archives of the State, in the office of the Secretary aforesaid.

MINORITY REPORT.

The undersigned, members of the Select Committee on Constitutional Reform, to whom was referred the bill to amend the Constitution of North Carolina, do not concur in the report submitted by a majority of that committee; and beg leave to enter their unqualified dissent thereto, and to express their most hearty approval of the amendment proposed by the bill, and of the mode therein adopted for effecting it.

The right of an elector, when once qualified, to vote for candidates for all elective officers, lies at the very foundation of American ideas of liberty and equality, and no one can oppose it, who believes in the capacity of man for self-government.

The statement of the proposition amounts in itself to a demonstration, because equality at the ballot-box must be an axiom in the political faith of every genuine advocate and supporter of republican principles.

An elaborate argument, therefore, to support the principle of equal suffrage, as involved in the bill, is unnecessary, and would be an act of supererogation at this time. The patriotic and intelligent voters of North Carolina have demanded a change in our fundamental law, so as to incorporate therein this principle of equality, with a unanimity unparalelled, and in a voice which cannot be disregarded. The people have not only settled the question as regards the bill, now under consideration, by an emphatic approval of the principle it involves, but they have approved, in terms alike decisive, the mode therein adopted, of amending their constitution, at least so far as regards the amendment as embodied in the bill.

The only enquiry, therefore, which should have engaged the attention of the committee, was, whether the requirements of the Constitution, in relation to amendments thereto by the Legislature, had been strictly complied with. Upon this latter point, there was no difference of opinion among the members of the committee. At the last session of the General Assembly, the present bill passed both Houses, by the majority prescribed by the Constitution, and all the solemnities required in its enactment were duly observed at that session. The committee likewise concurred in opinion, that this bill, so agreed to, at the last session, had been published six months previous to the election of the members of this General Assembly. It is much to be regretted that differences of opinion among the members of the committee, either as to the principle involved in the amendment itself, or as to the mode of effecting it, should have resulted in a report adverse to a bill which meets the approval of nine-tenths of the people of the State; and indignant would have been the popular response from all sections, if the report of a majority of the committee determined the question; but fortunately, it still remains for this Legislature to decide whether they will, by a two-third vote, effectuate the object so wisely begun at the last session, by re-enacting this bill, and submit the great and important question it involves to the people for their ratification, or whether objections, merely formal, shall forestall the wishes of the people, and debar them the enjoyment of essential political privileges. Hoping that all the members of the House may ultimately agree to unite with the undersigned in responding to the demands of the people in relation to equal suffrage, they earnestly recommend the passage of the present bill, as the most effectual and speedy mode of consummating the wishes of the people on that subject.

Respectfully submitted,
SAMUEL A. WILLIAMS,
JO. DOBSON,
C. M. STILES.

LET US STAND TOGETHER.

Now that we are triumphant as a party in almost all quarters, and as the people look to the Democracy to give effect to their principles by selecting proper agents to carry ont those principles, it is of the first importance that we should BE UNITED, and act together as one man. The adversary is watching closely for divisions in our ranks, and he will certainly profit by divisions, should they occur. Let us disappoint him, and gratify our friends by fully meeting their expectations.

The present Legislature is Democratic—the State is Democratic—the people have willed that Democratic measures shall prevail and be established; and *that* will, which has been so clearly and conclusively pronounced, is entitled not merely to respect, but it ought to be obeyed.

If we divide now, all the fruits of a well-won victory may be lost. If we fail to unite in one instance, we may fail in all. Let the motto of every sincere Republican therefore be—"Union, harmony, concession—every thing for the cause, nothing for men."

RESIGNATION OF CHIEF JUSTICE RUFFIN. It will be seen, by reference to our Legislative proceedings of Wednesday, that on that day a letter from Chief Justice Ruffin was read to the two Houses in which he resigns his place on the Supreme Court Bench. This event has occasioned no small degree of concern and regret both among the members of Assembly and the people. In the House, Gen. Saunders took occasion to express his regret at the prospect of losing so eminent and so valuable a Judge; and in the Senate, after some remarks from Col. Joyner of a similar character, Mr. Gilmer rose and spoke at some length, and in the course of his remarks bore strong and eloquent testimony to Judge Ruffin's noble traits and virtues as a man, and to his integrity, industry, and very great learning as a Judge.

The reader will be struck with the dignified simplicity of the letter of resignation. It is a model letter of the kind.

The whole people of the State will hear of this event with regret. The present Legislature will, of course, fill the vacancy, but we know of no one who can supply the loss to the Bench occasioned by this resignation.

CAPITAL TOASTS.

The following capital toasts were drank recently in Charlottesville, Va., at a celebration of the glorious triumph of Pierce and King:

1. ALBEMARLE—The mother of Jefferson—
At once his birth and burial place,
His cradle and his grave.
Music: "Home sweet home."

2. Virginia: She has once more pointed the way to political truth, and the whole Union has walked therein. [Music: "Carry me back to old Virginny."]

3. The Sovereignty of the States and the Union of the States. The watchwords of the great Democratic party. [Music: "Marseilles Hymn."]

4. John C. Calhoun: The great Sounthern Cross—death has not dimmed its light. [Dirge: "Pleyel's March."]

5. Daniel Webster: Let party triumph be hushed for a moment, while the great heart of the nation throbs heavily at the portals of his tomb. [Music: "Burial of Sir John Moore."]

6. Franklin Pierce: The adopted son of the Old Dominion—New Hampshire gave him to Virginia—Virginia has given him to the world. [Music: "Yankee Doodle."]

7. William R. King: He is worthy of all the honors which a confiding country has bestowed upon him. [Music: "Rose of Alabama."]

8. The Cabinet of Pierce: A piece of furniture formed from Hickory and Palmetto, and surmounted by a granite top. [Music: "Star Spangled Banner."]

9. The Democracy of the North: The allies of the South, because the friends of the Constitution. ["Washington's March."]

☞ We tender our thanks to the Treasurer of the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad Company for an invitation to be present at Norfolk on Thursday last, when a flag was presented on behalf of citizens of this State to the Baltimore Steam Packet Company, in acknowledgement of the honor paid to North Carolina in the name of the new Steamer now running in connection with Baltimore and the Seaboard and Roanoke Road. We regret that it was out of our power to be present on the occasion.

☞ We are gratified to see in the City the Hon. W. S. Ashe, the able and popular Representative of the New Hanover District in Congress. Mr. Ashe is in fine health, and of course in the best spirits over the result of the late Presidential contest.

DEMOCRATIC REJOICINGS.

The Democrats of Wake County, together with the Democratic members of the Legislature, celebrated the late victory, in this City, on Monday night last, in the most spirited and imposing style.

Soon after sunset the firing of cannon was commenced; and in a few minutes bonfires were kindled in front of the Capitol, the Court House, and the Goverument House, and the procession was formed and marched to pay their respects to the Governor, with torchlights, music, and transparencies. The large crowd, arrived at the Executive mansion, gave three hearty cheers for Gov. REID, to which His Excellency responded in an appropriate and eloquent manner, and at the conclusion of his remarks three more cheers were given for "the first in a long line of Democratic Governors." The Governor then invited the crowd to partake of refreshments; after which the procession returned up Fayetteville Street, and halted in front of the Yarbrough House, where, in response to calls, brief but spirited and pointed speeches were delivered by Hon. James C. Dobbin, S. P. Hill, W. W. Avery, and John F. Hoke, Esquires. The procession then moved up Fayetteville Street to Mr. Fentress's building, where, in answer to calls, some stirring remarks were made by Gaston H. Wilder, Esq. The procession next moved to the residence of Mr. John Hutchins, where William Lander, Esq., Col. Bower, Col. Wheeler, Maj. Black, and J. H. Dobson, Esq., were successively called out, and who entertained the large assemblage for some time in the happiest style. Next Perrin Busbee, Esq., was waited upon and called out. Mr. Busbee made a capital response, eliciting repeated shouts of applause; after which W. W. Holden, in answer to calls at his residence, made some remarks; and then the procession marched for the residence of Gen. Saunders. Gen. Saunders' residence was illuminated in honor of the occasion, as was also the Executive Mansion. After repeated cheers, the General addressed the assemblage in his best manner, and concluded by offering refreshments; after partaking of which the crowd moved off with cheers down Hillsborough Street, and arrived at Lawrences' Hotel they were addressed in a handsome manner, in response to calls, by Forney George, Esq., Col. William McNeill, and Gen. Thomas J. Person; and afterwards, at the Court House, Dr. H. M. Shaw and William E. Hill, Esq., being called on, spoke briefly amid cheers and hurrahs.

There were some fifteen or twenty transparencies borne on the occasion, with the following among other inscriptions:

1. An Eagle holding in its beak PIERCE and KING, the choice of the people—"No North, no South, no East, no West": and on the reverse 300,000 majority.

2. FRANKLIN PIERCE, New Hampshire, Conservatism triumphant; reverse, Foss and Fogg, Fraud and Forgery, Fuss and Feathers.

3. NORTH CAROLINA—KING is her son; reverse, More "thunder from the mountains!"

4. CONNECTICUT—"The last notion"—3,000 majority.

5. MAINE—She comes "lumbering"—12,000 majority; reverse, GEORGIA, she doubts no longer.

6. PENNSYLVANIA—25,000 majority—The Keystone is firm; reverse, NEW JERSEY, Her Broad Seal tells this time.

7 INDIANA—18,000 majority—She never falters.

8. Little DELAWARE—Thankful for small favors.

9. VERMONT, MASSACHUSETTS, TENNESSEE, and KENTUCKY ask leave to change their votes; reverse, WISCONSIN, IOWA, CALIFORNIA—"Train up a child in the way he should go."

10. OHIO—20,000 majority—"Oh that sweet Irish brogue!"—reverse, MICHIGAN—Lewis Cass has done his duty.

11. NEW YORK—26,000 majority—Sewardism repudiated; reverse, SOUTH CAROLINA—Zealous for her rights.

12. ILLINOIS—15,000 majority—The home of the "Little Giant"; reverse, ALABAMA and MISSISSIPPI, Democracy and Cotton their staple products.

13. TEXAS—A star in the centre, and an unnamed star on the right.

14. A Monument, and the names of POLK, CALHOUN, CLAY, WEBSTER on either side of it, with the words, Their names are immortal.

Gen. Singeltary, who acted as Chief Marshal on the occasion, acquitted himself admirably. He was assisted by Col. Otey, Mr. George T. Cooke, and Dr. S. A. Williams—all of whom, together with the Committees, deserve the thanks of the Democracy assembled on the occasion for their prompt discharge of their respective duties.

Every one, from the boys up to the veterans who could boast of having cast their first votes for Jefferson, appeared to be brimfull of patriotic joy. It was an occasion—a scene—an outpouring of the masses, and an hour of "jubilation" and of joyous excitement which will long be remembered in Raleigh. Our Whig friends bore it all with much good humor, feeling as they no doubt did, that we were doing just what they would have done under similar circumstances.

A NATIONAL PRESIDENT.

The whole Union, with the exception of California, has been heard from, and the result is as follows:

Gen. Scott's vote:	
Free States,	18
Slave States,	24
	42
Gen. Pierce's vote:	
Free States,	158
Slave States,	96
	254

The gratifying fact is thus seen that Pierce, nominated by Virginia and the South, receives from the North 9 votes more than sufficient to elect him President. May we not proudly announce a triumph which, like the glorious young chief that has led the contest, "knows no North, no South, no East, no West," but is as comprehensive as the Union itself! *Richmond Enquirer.*

☞ It will be seen, by the Senate proceedings of Wednesday, that the bill proposing a new county out of a portion of Ashe, to be called Sevier, was defeated in that body by a vote of 16 to 28. The substance of the remarks of Col. Bower on the occasion, will be found in another column. It is due to that gentleman to state that he used his best exertions to induce the Senate to pass the bill.

REMARKS OF MR. JOYNER, OF HALIFAX.

In the Senate, on the resignation of Judge Ruffin.

I rise, Mr. Speaker, to express my very sincere regret that Judge Ruffin, for many reasons, should have resigned the distinguished position he occupies as Chief Justice of the Supreme Court; and I am fully persuaded that this regret will be deeply felt throughout the length and breadth of the State. He is well known, and is universally admitted to be one of the ablest jurists and most learned Judges of this country. To eminent abilities in the discharge of his official duties, he has united the utmost uprightness, independence and urbanity, and no man has left the bench with a more spotless, pure, and unimpeachable character. To his other distinguished merits I may be permitted to particularize that he has contributed much towards infusing into the decisions of the Supreme Court a high tone of moral feeling and sentiment, producing the most beneficial results. When such a man, uniting in himself all the high and eminent qualities necessary to form and to adorn the judicial character retires from the bench, in the full possession of the most vigorous intellect, the loss cannot be otherwise than deeply felt, and his place most difficult to supply.

I have known Judge Ruffin for forty years, our acquaintance having commenced in 1812. Living remotely from each other, I cannot claim the honor of being among the number of his most intimate confidential friends, but I am happy to say that the kindest relations have always subsisted between us without the slightest interruption, and in the retirement he now seeks he has my best wishes that his remainitng days may be as peaceful and happy as his past life has been eminently valuable to the State.

MAD ABOUT IT. The Tribune talks as if it were really mad about the result of the late election. He says:

"What the Fillibustering rabble of the cities who fancy that they are going to take Cuba, may desire or do is of no more consequence than the cawning of so many crows; but the master-spirits of the Propaganda have only to say the word and Cuba will be laid at their feet, with John Van Buren and Henry B. Stanton singing hosannas to the extension of the area of Democratic Freedom and Progress with the consequent enlargement of the profits and scope of Virginia slave-breeding. The party collar which surrounded the neck in the iron days of Jacksonian dictatorship now passes under the pocket and over the lips; and Slavery may steal all the rest of our continent without evoking a whisper of remonstrance from the Sub-Treasury vault wherein Barnburner professions lie awaiting the last stages of noisome decomposition."

"Still harping upon my daughter"—slavery, slave-breeding and stealing our continent. Mr. Greely thinks Southern Rights have triumphed—and so they have—and he may rest assured that what the Southern presses have repeatedly said is true, viz: That the Rights of the South, under the Constitution, without the application of the "higher law," must and will be asserted and maintained, or the Union must be dissolved. But why do we allude to disunion? A great and glorious and patriotic people have just said it shall not be dissolved; and moreover that the party who would destroy the one and consequently the other, are entitled to the most sovereign contempt of the American people—and that the higher law politics and the lower-law morality party, may seek out the smallest possible corner in which to hide their little body—soul it has none. *Wil. Com.*

INCIDENTS OF THE CAMPAIGN. A whig paper in New Jersey, in announcing their defeat, quotes from Milton as follows:

"Earth felt the wound, and Nature from her seat,
Sighing through all her works, gave signs of woe
That all was lost."

It is said that at the last election Pierce was running for President and Scott was running against Hale.

A gentleman in Buffalo says that he is now going to renounce whiggery; that he has worked hard for the party for twenty years, and all he ever got was the inflammatory rheumatism.

The Madison County Whig accounts for General Scott's defeat in the fact that his "military career disqualified him from running!" He had never run, and couldn't learn how.

The Albany Register says we are picking up a very respectable number of assemblymen, sheriffs, clerks, &c., here and there, considering the "awful" democratic majorities on the State and electoral tickets. We are "thankful for small favors."

During a recent visit of Mr. Webster to his farm at Franklin, a lady—a relative—remarked to him, "Well, Mr. Webster, I was really in hopes that some time I should see a live President of the United States." "You will yet, madam," was the instant reply of Mr. Webster, "if you and Gen. Pierce live until next March." We have the above from the lips of the husband of the lady, who was himself present.

DAILY LINE. We have the pleasure of stating for the information of the public, that Messrs. Bland & Dunn have commenced running their line daily between this place and Raleigh. As far as regards *good coaches* and *good horses*, no line in the State surpasses it. Their drivers too, are gentlemanly and accommodating. No trouble is spared by the enterprising proprietors to make the traveller comfortable.

There is, also, a daily line running between this place and Charlotte, stocked with good horses and stages, Alex. Springs, proprietor, and as clever a fellow as ever lived. Any one at all acquainted with the man, well knows that every effort will be brought into requisition to make the way of the traveller pleasant and agreeable.

Through tickets can be had at Charlotte to Petersburg; and also from Petersburg to Charlotte; and from Salisbury to Petersburg. *Salisbury Whig.*

It is stated in "The Voice of the Fugitive," published in Windsor, Canada West, and edited by Henry Bibb, that the underground railroad never did a more thriving business than at present. Within ten days, the editor says, he has greeted no less than twenty-six refugees from slavery, not one of whom had met with any difficulty in making his way to Canada.

This is the same "Brother Bibb" whom Foss boasted in a letter of having hugged to his bosom, and aided him with funds to keep the "under-ground railroad" in fine running order. We mean "Parson" Foss, whom the Whig and other Southern Scott organs, made their chief witness in their reckless assault upon Franklin Pierce! *Rich. Enq.*

INFORMATION. Gov. Morehead, while attending the whig mass meeting in this place, expressed a great anxiety to know who Franklin Pierce was. If the Governor will return this way, some of his whig friends can now give him the desired information.

We hope Gov. Morehead will come to Fayetteville and make one more political speech, and we think the democracy will gain twice twenty-seven. *Fayetteville Carolinian.*

It is said that Gen. Scott bears his defeat with the most perfect equanimity. No man regrets more than he does the vituperation with which the character of his adversary was sometimes assailed by a portion of the press and some stump orators during the late canvass. He reciprocates the feelings which Gen. Pierce has repeatedly expressed for him during and before the brief period of excitement now ended.

ANOTHER NEGRO STAMPEDE. A number of slaves escaped on horses from Bourbon county, Kentucky, on Sunday last. It is supposed that about twenty-five fled. Some of them were recovered in the neighborhood of the Blue Licks, but more of them are still fugitives. A number of Kentucky officials were in the city yesterday in search of a squad of four, who are suspected of crossing the river opposite Fulton. *Cincinnati Gazette.*

GEN. PIERCE'S VISIT TO VIRGINIA. The democrats of Richmond have invited Gen. Pierce and Vice-President King to visit that city. We see it stated that Gen. P. will probably visit Richmond, Petersburg, Norfolk, and several places on James river, including Brandon, and the residence of Ex-President Tyler.

The Hon. James Buchanan, of Pennsylvania, and the Hon. John W. Davis, of Indiana, (ex-Speaker of the House of Representatives, and president of the Baltimore Convention of 1852,) are now in Washington. Mr. Buchanan and has taken lodgings at the Irving House. *Union of Friday.*

Trade at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 13. Flour has advanced here to $3 75, and is scarce. Hogs are firmer in price, and command 5 25 a $5 35. A sale of new lard, in barrels, has been made at 9¼ a 9½ cents. Freights are unchanged. Exchange on New York is dull, and plenty at par to ¼ premium.

Pig Iron was sold in Pittsburg, on Wednesday, for $40 per ton. A few months ago, it could be bought for $22. The Pittsburg Gazette attributes this great rise to the scarcity of the article, many furnaces being out of blast. This rise will soon set them in operation again. The late rise in England has also given metal a start in this country.

THE ABOLITION VOTE. Full returns from some of the States, and estimates based upon partial returns from other States, justify the belief that the aggregate vote for John P. Hale at the recent Presidential election, was in the neighborhood of 130,000. In 1848 Van Buren received 292,838. Showing a diminution of *more than half*, in four years.

GEN. PIERCE. Preparations are making at the Merchant's Hotel, Philadelphia, for Gen. Pierce, who it is said will put up there on his arrival in that city. A suit of rooms are fitting up for his accommodation.

NEW BOSTON HEARD FROM! The following are the returns from New Boston, the place where Gen. Pierce is said to have made his Anti-Fugitive Slave law speech; Pierce 215; Scott 32; Hale 17.

DIED,

In this City, on the 1st instant, Miss Mary Pulliam, aged about 70 years. The deceased had been afflicted with paralysis for some months before her death; and she bore her sufferings with fortitude and resignation.

In Kenansville, Duplin, on the 12th instant, John Beatty Reid, son of David Reid, Esq., aged 8 years and 2 months.

In Hyde, on the 5th instant, Mr. Daniel Shaw.

At the residence of her mother, in Orange County, on the 25th of October, Miss Elizabeth Jane Hall, in the 23d year of her age.

The deceased had very early in life professed her faith in the Saviour, and attached herself to the Presbyterian Church, and by her walk and conversation daily testified to those around her that there is a reality in the religion of Christ. Cheerfulness, blended with humility, was a most distinguishing feature of her piety. In her last illness she was called upon to endure severe and protracted suffering, and yet she uttered not a murmuring or repining word. In social intercourse the deceased was a kind, affable and courteous companion; and the highest eulogy which language can pronounce upon her is, that those who knew her best loved and esteemed her most. As a Christian she was warm-hearted, faithful and energetic. Her attachment to the Church was strong and ardent, and well may we say to her surviving friends, imitate her praise-worthy example.

S. W.

Valuable Property for Sale in Raleigh.

THE subscribers will sell, on the premises, on the 18th of December next, two LOTS, with all the improvements thereon, situated on Hillsborough street, just outside the corporation limits, adjoining the Rev. Dr. Mason, and in front of Mr. Courts, and within a few hundred yards of St. Mary's. One of the lots has a new and well constructed and well built two story Dwelling House, with three rooms below and three rooms above, all with good fire-places; a two-story Kitchen, with four rooms with fire-places in each room—together with all the necessary outhouses. Also, a highly improved Garden, of three-fourths of an acre.

The other lot adjoining (on the corner.) has a Store and Warehouse, Dwelling House, Kitchen, Stable and Carriage house, and a first rate well of water. It is an excellent stand for the mercantile business.

This property is as desirable as any about the City of Raleigh.

Terms made known on day of sale.

JOHN BUFFALOE.
J. W. B. WATSON, Ex'r.
of J. O. WATSON, dec'd.

November 18th, 1852. 2—td.

SALE OF LAND.

HAVING qualified as Executor of Peter Arrington, deceased, I shall offer for sale to the highest bidder, on the seventh of December next, the tract of Land, lying in Franklin county, near Cedar Rock, known as the Eben Nolm's tract, containing eleven hundred acres more or less. Said land has on it a comfortable dwelling House and all necessary out buildings; with a never failing spring of water; and is well adapted to the growth of corn, wheat and tobacco. Those wishing to purchase a desirable residence, situated near Cedar Rock Male Academy, would do well to examine the premises before the day of sale. Terms made known on day of sale. W. D. Coppedge, Esq., and Maj. J. J. Thomas may be referred to, who are well acquainted with the land, and will give any information desired.

THOMAS C. ARRINGTON, Executor.
November 15th, 1852. 2—4t.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having, at November Sessions of Wake County Court, qualified as Executrix of the late Richard Smith of the City of Raleigh, hereby notifies all persons having any claims against the estate of the deceased to present them for payment, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

Also, all persons indebted to the estate are requested to make payment. Mr. Sidney M. Barbee and Mr Edward C. Belvin are authorized in my name to collect the Store debts—close store accounts, sell the goods and merchandize on hand and grant receipts and acquittances for payments made.

PENELOPE SMITH, Ex'x.
November 15th, 1852. 945—4tw.

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to the General Assembly, now in session, for the passage of an act to incorporate a Company to make a Turnpike road from the old road on the northeastern side of Mezel's Mill pond, running up along the mill pond road to the long ridge, or to such other place as the Commissioners may deem most advisable, and running thence by such various courses as may be most suitable, through the swamp to the Plantation of Aaron Davenport in Washington County.

November 17th, 1852. 2—td.

Marine & Pocket Chronometers, Duplex and Repeating Watches.

(By Appointment to the Admiralty.)

WILLIAM DIXON,

CHRONOMETER AND WATCH MANUFACTURER,
45 *King Square, Goswell Road, London.*

THIS certifies that the accompanying Watch No. 14713, is warranted by me to be of my Manufacture, and no Watch with my name upon it, is genuine, unless accompanied by a Certificate, bearing my signature.

I guarantee the Watch No. 14713 to keep time to the satisfaction of the purchaser.

W. DIXON.

These Watches have a high reputation in Europe and America as superior time pieces. Imported and for sale by

PALMER & RAMSAY.
Raleigh, Nov. 15th, 1852. 1—

NOTICE.

THE Stockholders in the Greenville and Raleigh Plank Road Company are hereby notified that an instalment of Four Dollars on the Share will be required to be paid on the 20th of December, 1852. Prompt payment is requested. By order of the Board of Directors.

R. L. MYERS, President.
JNO. A. SELBY, Secretary.
Greenville, November 15th, 1852. 1—4t.

Fashionable Super Moleskin Hats. Another supply just to hand.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Old English Pine Apples, and Philadelphia made Cheese, just arrived at

TUCKER'S.

200 SACKS Liverpool and ground Alum Salt, in Store and for sale by

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.
November 17th, 1852. 2—

MERINO Under Shirts, Drawers, Gents' Hosiery Stocks and Cravats. Large lot just received a Harding's CLOTHING EMPORIUM.
November 1st, 1852. 102—

10 DOZEN WEEDING HOES. For sale by
J. BROWN.

PROCLAMATION:

By His Excellency, DAVID S. REID, Governor of the State of North Carolina.

The returns of the election of Electors for President and Vice President of the United States, held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November instant, it being the second day of the month the time appointed by the act of Congress, and in conformity with the regulations of the Statutes of the State, have been received at the Executive office from the Sheriffs of the several Counties within the period prescribed by law. And the same having been examined to ascertain the result of said election itis found to be as follows:

James C Dobbin received thirty-nine thousand eight hundred and three votes.

William H. Thomas, Burton Craige, Walter F. Leak, Robert P. Dick, Abraham Rencher, L. O'B. Branch, Samuel J. Person, and D. G. W. Ward, each received thirty-nine thousand seven hundred and forty-four votes; and Thomas Bragg received thirty-nine thousand seven hundred and forty-three votes.

And Henry W. Miller received thirty-nine thousand and forty-three votes.

George W. Baxter received thirty-nine thousand one hundred and twenty-three votes.

N. Boyden, John W. Cameron, Ralph Gorrell, M. W. Ransom, F. B. Satterthwaite, and David A. Barnes, each received thirty-nine thousand and sixty-four votes.

Henry K. Nash received thirty-nine thousand and fifty-six votes.

John Winslow received thirty-nine thousand and fifty-seven votes.

And Thomas Kennedy, Alfred Vestal, Abel Gardner, Owen Hadley, Evan Benbow and George C. Mendenhall each received fifty-nine votes.

David White received fifteen votes.

Alfred Dockery, Angus Kelley, J. M. Morehead, Andrew Joyner, Geo. W. Davis, F. Arendell, John Eaton, John J. Byrum, each received one vote.

Scott and Graham received thirty votes, Pierce and King received forty-eight votes. Jeptha White and Lazareth Pearson each received forty-four votes.

Now therefore I DAVID S. REID, Governor of the State of North Carolina, do hereby proclaim and make known that James C. Dobbin, William H. Thomas, Burton Craige, Walter F. Leak, Robert P. Dick, Abraham Rencher, L. O'B. Branch, Samuel J. Person, D. G. W. Ward and Thomas Bragg have been duly chosen Electors of this State of President and Vice President of the United States for four years from and after the 4th day of March next.

And I do notify and warn them and each one of them to attend in the Capitol at Raleigh on the first Wednesday in December next, it being the first day of said month, to form an Electoral College and to vote for President and Vice President as aforesaid, according to the provisions of the Constitution and laws of the United States.

(SEAL.) In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the State of North Carolina to be affixed. Done at the city of Raleigh this November the 15th A. D. 1852, and of the Independence of the United States the 77th.

DAVID S. REID.
November 15th, 1852. 1—

PROCLAMATION.

By his Excellency DAVID S. REID, *Governor of the State of North Carolina.*

IN pursuance of a Resolution passed by the General Assembly at the session of 1848-'49, I do by this, my Proclamation, set apart *the last Thursday in November next*, being the 25th day of the month, to be observed as a day of solemn and public THANKSGIVING.

On said day I recommend that all secular employments be suspended; that Ministers of the Gospel of the respective denominations assemble their congregations for public worship; and that the people of the State unite in giving thanks to Almighty God for past blessings, and gratefully supplicate a continuance of His goodness and mercy.

(SEAL.) Given under my hand and the great Seal of the State, at the Executive office, in the City of Raleigh, this October 29th, A. D., 1852, and in the 77th year of American Independence.

By the Governor, DAVID S. REID.
W. H. JONES, *Private Secretary.*
October 29th, 1852. 101—

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE Subscribers, on the 28th of December, at the Court House in Oxford, will positively sell to the highest bidder the valuable HOUSE AND LOT once owned by Joseph Littlejohn, Sr., in the town of Oxford, now belonging to the Estate of the late Robert Taylor, dec'd. on a credit of one and two years with interest from date of sale, in bonds of approved surety. This property contains 104 acres of land, three fourths of which are in woods, a fine two story dwelling house, having eight rooms, with fire places, a garret with three rooms and a cellar with four rooms, all well finished off, an entry with a passage with all necessary out houses; and situated on a high eminence half a mile from the Court House midst a large grove of fine oaks commanding a view of town in front, with a very fine spring on the premises as near the house as could be desired. This situation is admirably suited to those who desire to be convenient to the Male and Female Schools and business of the place.

Those desiring information are referred to
Maj. C. L. Hinton, of Raleigh,
Gen. Joseph B. Littlejohn, of Franklin,
Richard Smith, Esq., of Caswell,
Robt. B. Gilliam, Esq, of Oxford,
Thomas Speller, Esq., of Bertie,
Thomas Alston, Esq. of Warren,
Col. R. O. Britton, of Petersburg,
Dr. Thos. Gilliam, of Fayetteville.

By the Executors of
ROB'T. TAYLOR, Dec'd.
Oxford, Nov. 9, 1852. 104—td.

Commission Business.

THE undersigned will conduct a Foreign and Domestic Produce Commission business in the City of Petersburg, Va., under the firm of

STAINBACK & HARDEE.

Office, 3rd door West of Bollingbrook Hotel, North Side.

F. C. STAINBACK, W. H. HARDEE.
November 1st, 1852. 101—1y.

LOOK OUT IN DUE TIME!

ON leaving Stanhope, Nash county, N. C., it is offerred for sale at Public Auction, to the highest bid er on Thursday the 30th December, at 12 o'clock. Comment is unnecessary, as the operations of 6 years establish the fact that, it combines many advantages as a House of entertainment, private residence and country business place, &c., having a commodious dwelling, with all necessary out-houses, Store and office rooms, extensive shops, shelters and fixtures, and offers as many advantages to embark in Mercantile and Turpentine operations as any place in North Carolina. The quantity of land attached and terms of sale will be made liberal to suit the purchaser. Any specifications will be furnished by application to DANIEL S. CRENSHAW.
November 7th, 1852. 103—tf.

Tar, Pitch and Turpentine.

WE wish to hire 50 negroes to work in Turpentine in Williamsburg, South Carolina, for which we will pay fair prices, commencing 1st January, 1853. Address us at Stanhope, North Carolina.

CRENSHAW, ELIS & TAYLOR.
November 7th, 1852. 103—tf.

Executor's Notice.

HAVING qualified at the County Court of Halifax, held on the 4th Monday in October, 1852, as Executor of the last Will and Testament of Thomas W. Holden, dec'd, I hereby give notice to all persons having claims against him, in any way, to present them immediately, and all persons indebted to said Estate by note, account or otherwise to come forward immediately and settle.

HENRY N. HOLDEN, Ex'r.
Nov. 12th, 1852. 1—2m.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made to the present Legislature for the passage of an act to unite into one Company the Greensville and Roanoke Railroad Company, and the Petersburg Railroad Company.
November 17th, 1852. 2—1m.

Mail Arrangements at Raleigh.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad and Stage Lines at and from Raleigh.

NORTHERN MAIL—(By Railroad.)
Leaves daily (except Sunday) - - at 5 a. m.
Arrives daily (except Sunday) - - at 9½ p. m.
The mail closes at 9 p. m. of the day before it leaves.

SOUTHERN MAIL—(By Stage.)
Leaves daily (except Sunday) - - at 10 a. m.
Arrives daily (except Sunday) - - at 10 p. m.
Mail closes at 9 a. m.

WESTERN MAIL—(By Stage.)
Leaves Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9 a. m.
Arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8½ p. m.
This mail is not due until 11½ p. m., closes at 8 a. m.

PITTSBOROUGH MAIL—(By Stage.)
Leaves Tuesday and Saturday - - at 5 a. m.
Arrives Monday and Thursday - - at 7 p. m.
Mail closes at 9 p. m.

GOLDSBOROUGH MAIL—(By Stage.)
Leaves daily (except Sunday) - - at 8 a. m.
Arrives daily (except Monday) - - at 3a m.
Mail closes at 7 a. m.

TARBOROUGH MAIL—(By Stage.)
Leaves Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 3 a. m.
Arrives Sunday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 p. m.
Mail closes at 9 p. m. night before.

ROXBOROUGH MAIL—(By Horse.)
Leaves Friday - - - - - at 12 m.
Arrives Friday - - - - - at 10 a. m.
Mail closes at 12 M.

October 18, 1852. 97—

Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.

PURSUANT to an Act of Incorporation, a Company has been formed under the name and style of "The Greensborough Mutual Insurance Company," and fully organized by the appointment of the following Officers:

JAMES SLOAN, *President.*
S. G. COFFIN, *Vice President.*
PETER ADAMS, *Secretary and Treasurer.*
C. P. MENDENHALL, *Attorney.*
JOHN A. MEBANE, W. J. McCONNEL, WM. S. RANKIN, } *Executive Com.*

DIRECTORS.

James Sloan, W. J. McConnel, William S. Rankin, Jed. H. Lindsay, Shubal G. Coffin, William H. Reece, Tyre Glenn, John B. Mebane, Andrew Weatherly, C. P. Mendenhall, Lyndon Swaim, Jesse Shelly, Jonathan W. Field.

This Company has now been in succesful operation for several months, and will take risks upon Dwelling Houses, Stores and other Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture, Produce, &c. The object of this organization is to afford a system of Insurance which shall operate for the mutual benefit of all its members.

The peculiar advantages arising from this mode of Insurance is, that the assured pay no more than the actual losses and expenses of the Company, and experience has proved the safety of Mutual Insurance Companies, as well as the great saving to its members; no stronger argument can be produced in their favor, than the confidence which they receive from the entire community, where such Companies are in successful operation.

Any information respecting the principles of the Company will be cheerfully furnished by the Secretary, or any of its Agents. PETER ADAMS, *Sec'y.*

The Subscriber, having been appointed Agent, will receive applications and make surveys to effect Insurance in said Company.

GEORGE T. COOKE, Raleigh, N. C.

December 5, 1851. 896—

GREAT EXCITEMENT.

IF YOU WANT TO SAVE A COUPLE HUNDRED DOLLARS, send on your orders for *Turpentine Stills, Caps, Arms, and Worms:* Also, Brandy Stills, and any kind of Copper work, Brass, Machinery, &c.

The prices of Still-caps, Arms, and Worms, are as follows: By the pound 37 cents; or by contract,

7 barrel Still-cap, Arms and Worms,				$400
10	do	do	do	485
12	do	do	do	525
14	do	do	do	585
15	do	do	do	615
16	do	do	do	650
20	do	do	do	695
25	do	do	do	750
30	do	do	do	850
35	do	do	do	900

All work will be warranted for 12 months, fire and burning excepted. His work will also be delivered within fifty miles of Raleigh, at the shortest notice; and if I fail to deliver Stills in the time agreed upon, I will forfeit $5 for each day lost, to the purchaser.

JOSEPH WOLTERING.

Raleigh, Sept. 12, 1851. 90—y.

N. C. Mutual Life Insurance Company, OFFICE RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company continues to insure the lives of all healthy White persons and Slaves.

The greatest risk taken on a single life is $5000. Slaves are insured for a term of one to five years for ⅔ds their value.

OFFICERS.

Dr. Chas. E. Johnson, President,
Wm. D. Haywood, Vice President,
James F. Jordan, Secretary,
Wm. H. Jones, Treasurer,
Perrin Busbee, Attorney,
Dr. Wm. H. McKee, Examining Physician
J. Hersman, General Agent.

All losses are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proof is presented.

Blanks and Pamphlets, showing the plan of operation of the Company, may be had on application at the Office, or any of the Agencies. All letters on business should be addressed to JAMES F. JORDAN, *Secretary.*

April 28, 1850. 51—

Baltimore Piano Manufactory.

Important Improvement.—Elastic Universal Touch

WISE & BROTHER, Manufacturers of Boudoir Square and Grand Pianos, request those wanting a first-rate Instrument—one that Ladie's can perform on with the greatest possible advantage, that is chaste of style, of superlative touch and tone, that will stand in concert tune, and last a life time, to call and see for themselves a sample Instrument at the Agent's office—Dr. W. R. Scott's.

These Instruments are more in general use in the City among the first critics of art and science, and to whom we have the honor of referring. See the manufacturer's circulars, which may be obtained of the Agent. All Instruments warranted five years.

J. J. WISE & BRO.
Dr. W. R. SCOTT, Agent.

Raleigh, Jan. 11, 1850. 20—6m.

MRS. WOLTERING

RESPECTFULLY announces to the Ladies of Raleigh and surrounding country that she is now receiving her FALL and WINTER STOCK of FANCY GOODS, embracing China goods, fine iron-stone dinner-setts, tea-setts, and cups and saucers as fine as ever brought to this City.

Also, GROCERIES of every description. MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c., which will be sold low for cash.

Just Received, a fresh supply of CONFECTIONARIES.

Thankful for past favors, she solicits a continuance of the same.

WILHELMINA WOLTERING.

Raleigh, Sept. 12th, 1851. 90—y.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of OWEN & WILLIAMS will make payment to Willie D. Jones, who is the only person authorised to receive it.

OWEN & WILLIAMS.

Forestville, Nov. 6th, 1852. 103—3t.

APPLICATION will be made to the present Legislature for a new County by the name of DOBBIN, out of portions of Nash, Franklin, Wake and Johnston

Oct. 18, 1852. 97—w.td.pd.

LAMP OIL—Winter Strained Oil in store and for sale by J. McKIMMON.

PRIME Chewing Tobacco, just received by J. BROWN.

2000 SMITH'S Mulles No. 7, 8, 9 and 10. J. BROWN.

SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCO, superior quality—an additional supply just to hand and for sale by J. McKIMMON.

SUGAR HOUSE SYRUP AND MOLASSES for family use; for sale by J. McKIMMON.

The Sleeping Daughter of Inishuna!

From the wood skirted waters of Lego, ascend at times gray bosomed mists; when the gates of the west are closed

ON THE SUN'S EAGLE EYE!

Wide, over Lara's stream, is poured the vapor dark and deep.

The Moon like a dim shield, lay swimming through its folds, With this, clothe the spirits of old their sudden gestures on the wind, when they stride from blast to blast, along the dusky night. Often blended with the gale to some

WARRIOR'S GRAVE,

they roll the mist a gray dwelling to his ghost, until

THE SONGS ARISE

that commemorate in a

MIGHTY JUBILEE!

the bright deeds that in

A HALO OF BRILLIANCY

have encircled the honored names of

PYFER & CO,

The great Prize Sellers of World renown,

No. 1, Light Street, Baltimore, Md.

Splendid Schemes for November, 1852.

☞ The Certificate Prices of packages of quarter tickets only, are given below.

Date. Nov.	Capital Prizes.	No. of Ballots.		Price of Tickets.	Price of Packages.
1	$28,500	75 Nos	13 drawn	$8	$25 00
2	20,000	78 Nos	15 drawn	5	17 00
3	30,000	75 Nos	13 drawn	10	35 00
4	16,312	78 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
5	20,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	5	18 00
6	40,000	75 Nos	12 drawn	12	45 00
8	26,000	78 Nos	15 drawn	8	25 00
9	20,000	75 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
10	30,909	78 Nos	12 drawn	10	40 00
11	20,000	75 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
12	15,000	75 Nos	14 drawn	4	13 00
13	50,000	78 Nos	12 drawn	15	60 00
15	30,000	75 Nos	13 drawn	8	25 00
16	24,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	5	18 00
17	35,000	75 Nos	14 drawn	10	35 00
18	18,656	78 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
19	17,716	78 Nos	16 drawn	5	15 00
20	36,623	75 Nos	12 drawn	10	40 00
22	25,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	8	28 00
23	25,000	75 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
24	31,000	78 Nos	14 drawn	10	35 00
25	20,000	75 Nos	15 drawn	5	16 00
26	15,000	75 Nos	11 drawn	4	16 00
27	80,000	78 Nos	20 drawn	32	100 00
29	30,000	75 Nos	12 drawn	10	35 00
30	18,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	5	18 00

☞ Drawings forwarded to Correspondents by the first mails after the lotteries are drawn.

☞ Correspondents will please order a few days before the lotteries are drawn.

There is a large per centage in favor of those purchasers who order by the Package, and the chances of drawing four of the largest Prizes in the Scheme, are thereby secured. We advise the purchase of Packages of Tickets in every instance.

SEE WHAT LUCK.

$13,000 sent to North Carolina; $16,000 sent to Tennessee; $13,000 sent to Virginia; $11,000 sent to Indiana. $13,000 sent to Alabama; $15,000 sent to Ohio; $13,000 sent to North Carolina; $5,000 sent to Florida; $10,000 sent to Pennsylvania; $15,000 sent to South Carolina.

So we go—every day selling and paying the Prizes, and raising the poor man to a level with the rich "Nabob." Thousands who once never read a lottery advertisement, are now awakening to the importance of this beautiful system of realizing Fortunes from small outlays. How easy can the price of a Package or single Ticket be saved, "little by little," to invest in the

Legal Maryland Lotteries!

PYFER & CO. SUB-AGENTS.

Think how pleasant it will be to have "Fortune buckled on your back," in this easy manner, and no longer hesitate to make at least one trial, at the truly Fortunate, Far-Famed and Old Established Lottery Agents and Bankers,

PYFER & CO.,
No 1, Light Street, Baltimore, Md.

November 1st, 1852. 101—

LEATHER FOR SPRING SALES, At Wholesale and Retail.

WE respectfully inform our friends and the public that we have in store a large and most excellent **Stock of Leather and Findings,** for the Spring Trade, which we will sell as low as any other establishment South of New York, and for less price than they can be had even there, expenses of travelling, freight, &c., considered.

All of our purchases having been made from the Importers and Manufacturers by the whole case or package, and the advantage of receiving Leather regularly from our own Tannery, places it in our power to sell Goods as above stated. Those who wish to buy cannot lose by giving our stock an examination, and we believe we shall be able to please, both as to price and quality. Below we enumerate some of the leading articles, viz:

20 dozen of Crawford's Calf Skins (this maker had the premium awarded to him at the World's Fair held in London in 1851.)
40 doz. French Skins, best quality,
40 " American Calf Skins,
90 " Lining and Binding Skins,
10 " Morocco Skins,
800 Sides Oak Tanned and Hemlock Sole Leather,
50 " Band Leather,
Lasts, Boot-Trees, Shoe and Boot Maker's Tools of every kind, Tanner's and Currier's Tools.

Also, Sewed Brogans of our own manufacture, warronted to give satisfaction, and many other articles, too numerous to mention, at No. 21 Old street, apposite B. P. Harrison's Saddlery. F. A. & R. H. FORD,

N. B. We pay the highest price in cash for Green and Dried Hides delivered to us at our Store.

Petersburg, May 5, 1852. 52—tf.

Readable Books.

POPULAR library of the best authors, books which quicken the intelligence of youth, delight age, decorate prosperity, shelter and solace us in adversity, bring enjoyment at home, befriend us out of doors, pass the night with us, travel with us, go into the country with us.—*Cicero.*

1. Essays from the London Times, a collection of personal and historical Sketches. 2. The Yellowplush Papers, by W. M. Thackeray. 3. The Maiden and Married Life of Mary Powell, afterwards Mistress Milton. 4, 5. Travels in Tartary, Thibet, and China, in 1844-'45, by M. Huc, Missionary Priest, 2 vols. 6. Gaieties and Gravities, by Horace Smith, one of the Authors of the "Rejected Addresses." 7, 8. The Paris Sketch Book, by W. M. Thackeray, 2 vols. 8vo. 9, 10. Little Pedlington and the Pedlingtonians, by John Poole, Author of "Paul Pry."

For sale at the North-Carolina Book-Store by HENRY D. TURNER.

Raleigh, May 21st, 1852. 58—

Grand Lodge of North Carolina.

THE Officers, Members and Representatives of this MASONIC BODY are requested to meet at their Hall in this City, on Monday Evening, 6th of December next, at 7 o'clock, for the transaction of such business as may be submitted for their consideration.

In pursuance with a resolution of the last communication, the Masters of Lodges will cause to be sent with their annual returns, the dates of their respective Charters, that they may be placed upon the records of the Grand Lodge.

Transient Brothers are invited so attend,

WILLIAM T. BAIN. Grand Secretary.

Raleigh, Oct. 16, 1852. 97—td.

NOTICE.

THE Stockholders of the "Salem Manufacturing Company," being desirous to dispose of their establishment, carried on by steam-power, situated in Salem, Forsyth County, N. C., are offering the same at private sale, on as favorable terms as could be expected by such persons as feel inclined to enter into the manufacture of Cotton.

The factory contains 2500 spindles, and 26 looms. If not sold shortly, they even would be willing to sell the Machinery separately from the buildings.

For further particulars apply to the President of the Company. F. H. SHUMAN

Salem, Oct. 9, 1852. 942—w3m.

HATS AND CAPS!

THE LATEST STYLES for the FALL of 1852.

BEEBE'S and Leary's fashionable super. Moleskin. A large assortment of HATS and CAPS of almost every style that is out this season, from the finest qualities to the lowest price. Now ready at TUCKER'S.

NOVELTY WORKS,

WEST ST., RALEIGH, NORTH-CAROLINA,

SILAS BURNS. PROPRIETOR,

BUILDER OF

Steam Engines & General Machinist.

THE above establishment has been in successful operation about one year, and has turned out some of the best STEAM ENGINES and SAW MILLS that have ever operated in this or any other State.

Orders are solicited for Steam Engines and Saw Mills, Mill Gearing and Machinery of every discription to be completed during the Summer and Fall. The improved condition of the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road will enable me to fill with dispatch and punctuality all orders after the 1st of July.

The following certificate will show the character of the work executed at the above Works:

AUBRY, Cumberland, May 15, 1852.

Mr. SILAS BURNS,

Dear Sir: Our Engine and Mills, made at your shops, have been at work nearly two months, and fully meet our expectations. The ENGINE, as to FINISH and STRENGTH, PERFORMANCE and DURABILITY, is inferior to none in the State of the same class made here or elsewhere. The MILLS run with a smoothness and speed truly astonishing. In ordinary sawing we cut in a common sized log, 1 foot in 3⅔ seconds or 16 feet per minute. We have run, however, through an 18 feet log in 32 seconds or at the rate of 33 feet per minute, by running to the top speed we fully believe we can cut 40 feet per minute. The only objection we have heard urged is, it takes two many hands to haul up logs and carry away lumber. Yours, &c.,

JONES & BARBEE.

June 2, 1852. 59—

FRANKLIN INSTITUTE,

CEDAR ROCK, FRANKLIN COUNTY, N C..

D. S. RICHARDSON, *Principal.*

Castalia Female Institute,

CASTALIA, NASH, N. C.

Mrs. M. C. Richardson, *Principal.*

THE Fall Terms will commence on the first Monday in July, and close on the 1st Friday in December.

Mr. Richardson has purchased a residence, and considers himself as permanently located at CASTALIA.

The Schools will be under the immediate supervision of himself and lady, under one and the same body of Trustees.

The Female School is near the Franklin line, three miles from the Male, a distance favorable to the seclusion and success of both Institutions

Mrs. R., who has latterly taught at Belford, has a celebrity which no comment of ours could affect. A large, neat edifice similar to that of the Male InstitutA is contracted for, and will be erected immediately. Meanwhile students will be accomodated in the ly Academy, known formerly as Pleasant Hill. In short, the Trustees would assure their patrons, that they will carefully consider everything and deem nothing unimportant, which will contribute effectually to the consummation of their educational enterprise, rendering the Institutions *all* that enligh'ened and Christian parents could desire for their children.

Board, including washing and Fuel, $6½ per month. For further particulars address the Principals or

JNO. ADAMS HARRISON. Secretary of the Board of Trustees,

At the Female Inst., Messrs. James and Jno. Adams Harrison are prepared to accomodate boarders. Board can also be obtained of the Principal, after the coming session.

June 10, 1852. 924—wtf.

RAIL ROAD SILLS.

PROPOSALS to deliver Sills on the 2d, 3d, and 4th Divisions of the North Carolina Rail Road, will be received at the Rail Road Office in Greensborough, until the 1st December next. On the 2d and 3d Divisions, which extend from within six miles of Raleigh to Lexington, the Sills are to be of good White, Post Oak, or Chestnut, 8 feet long, flattened on two sides, so as to show 7 inches heart, and to be 7 inches thick between the hewn or flattened sides; the other two sides to be barked, and the ends to be sawed off or well butted.

On the 4th Division, extending from Lexington to Charlotte, bids for similar Sills will be received. Or bids will be likewise received on this Division for Red Oak or Black Oak Sills of the same description, except these last must show 8 inches heart on the flattened sides, and be 8 inches thick.

The Sills to be delivered on the line of the Road, 40 at the distance of every 100 feet, by the 1st January, 1854, for the 2d and 3d Division, and by the 1st of June, 1853, for the 4th Divisions. All to be inspected and approved by the Engineer.

Bidders will be shown the sections on each Division, and will designate in their bids the sections for which they bid, the kind of timber their Sills are to be, and what proportion of their contract they are willing to take in Stock.

J. M. MOREHEAD, Pres. N. C. R. Road.

Nov. 1, 1852. 103—4w.

"Eagle Hotel," Chapel Hill, for Sale

THE Proprietress of this well known and profitable establishment, having realized a sufficient income to warrant her in resuming the quiet of a private life, offers to the public generally the opportunity of bidding for its advantages.

The citizens of the State are so well acquainted with the advantages of its position, that but few remarks are necessary to complete their information.

The Hotel itself possesses all the requirments of room and comfort, which its purchasers can desire. It has capacity for the accommodation of one hundred and fifty boarders, and the recent and rapid growth of the University, adjacent, makes it an easy matterto possess such or even a greater number of students.

In addition to this, the frequent travel through Chapel Hill gives the Hotel, (being the only one in the place) a transient custom equal to any in the State.

The lots and stables adjoining are extensive and commodious, and the country-market supplies abundantly and on profitable terms much of its provisions.

The terms of sale require one third of the price to be paid on taking possession. A note, with safe security and time of payment suited to the convenience of the purchaser, are the reasonable demands for the remainder.

If further information be desired concerning the inducements to purchase, the President of the University or any other resident of the village, will furnish it.

Possession can be obtained at any time, after the 1st of May. Apply to ANNE S. HILLIARD.

Chapel Hill, N. C. Feb. 27, 1851. 33—

GENERAL AGENCY.

THE undersigned offers his services as Agent for the transaction of any business in the City of Raleigh, at the Public Departments, the Banks, Insurance Offices, &c.

He may be found at the office of the Secretary of State. All letters addressed to him will be promptly attended to, and his charges will be moderate and satisfactory. RUFUS H. PAGE.

REFERENCES:

Gov. D. S. Reid, Wm. Hill, *Sec'y. State,* D. W. Courts *Pub. Treas.* Wm. J. Clarke, *Comp't. of State,* E B. Freeman, *Clerk Sup Court,* Geo. W. Mordecai *Prest. of Bank of the State,* Wm. H. Jones, *Cash'r Bank of Cape Fear,* W. W. Vass, *Treas. R. & G R. R.*

Raleigh, Dec., 18, 1851. 14—tf

MILTON FACTORY AND MILL.

J. B. BARRETT & J. D. NEWSOM, Having purchased Mr. Thomas W. Holden's interest in the Milton Cotton Factory and Mills Lands, Tepements, and debts due the Firm of Barrett, Newsom & Holden, will continue the Manufacturing and Milling business.

They are now putting in operation a set of Woolen Machinery, for the purpose of manufacturing

WOOLEN GOODS,

and will also have two good CARDING MACHINES in order the ensuing season, which will not only afford a market for the sale of Wool, but enable planters to get **Domestic Woolens, Cotton Goods,** and also Wool Rolls of the first quality.

They have in their employment the most experienced mechanics, and will endeavor to merit public patronage.

BARRETT & NEWSOM.

Milton, March 25, 1851. 41—tf.

Delightful and Useful Books.

MARCO Paul's Voyages and Travels.—In New York—on the Erie Canal—in Maine—in Vermont—in Boston—Springfield Armory, with Illustrations, By Jacob Abbott. For sale by H. D. TURNER,

Notice.

APPLICATION will be made to the present General Assembly to amend the Charter of the town of Lumberton.

Oct. 25, 1852.

PETERSBURG CLOTHING BAZAAR.

THE subscribers having purchased the entire interest of N. Perry in the above celebrated establishment, respectfully announce to the citizens of North Carolina that they intend to relax no effort to retain the liberal patronage heretofore received from the numerous customers of the Bazaar in the Old North State.

Manufacturing as we do all our own clothing, and one of the firm being constantly in the market, thus having facilities for purchasing our cloths, cassameres, &c at first hands, and consequently at the lowest rates, we are enabled to compete in prices with Northern houses, while our garments in point of style and workmanship, are not excelled by those of any other house in the State.

It is unnecessary to enumerate the articles of which our stock is composed; suffice it to say that in our rooms may be found every thing pertaining to men's wear, and furnishing goods of the most recent style and in great variety.

Our Custom Department,

Is constantly supplied with the most desirable goods, and those preferring their garments made to order, can here find a large assortment to select from, and with an efficient force of workmen we can get up a single garment or an entire suit at very short notice. A good fit and perfect satisfaction guarantied in every instance.

Our Wholesale Rooms.

Merchants visiting the City should not fail to look through our stock, as we have opened an exclusive Wholesale Room, and manufacture largely, expressly for this branch of our trade.

A. S. SHAFER & CO., (Successors to N. PERRY.)

Petersburg, Virginia, May 5th, 1852. 52—

FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES, &C.

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD, & CO.,

ARE now receiving large additions to their stock of

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals PAINTS, OILS, DYESTUFFS,

Window Glass, Perfumery, &c, &c

from the most reliable Houses in the Northern Cities, which have been purchased with an eye single to their purity, and are offered for sale at such prices and on such terms as shall compare favorably with any house in the State.

Physicians, Country Merchants, and Dealers generally, will do well to give us a call before purchasing, feeling assured we shall not fail to please both in point of price and quality.

Orders promptly attended to, and particular attention given to packing and forwarding.

Family Medicines and Prescriptions compounded at all hours of the day and night, by a competent person with neatness and despatch.

We tender our most sincere thanks to the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country for the long and liberal patronage we have received, and trust by untiring zeal and energy to please in the prosecution of our business, to merit its continuance.

Raleigh, April 28 1851. 94—

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned having this day formed a co-partnership for the purpose of conducting the CONFECTIONARY BUSINESS in all its branches. The business will be carried on at the "old stand" of Sam'l H. Marks, and will be known under the firm and style of SAM'L H. MARKS & SON, where they will manufacture and keep constantly on hand the nicest and purest Candies of every quality and flavor, and will be regularly supplied with the finest imported and domestic Cigars, and the choicest Fruits in their proper seasons.

Having made more extensive arrangements for the manufacture of Steam Refined Candies, they will be enabled to furnish much larger quantities, and purchasers may rely upon getting it with despatch.

All orders for goods will be thankfully received, packed in the best manner, and sent to any part of the United States.

SAM'L H. MARKS,
WM. A. MARKS.

Petersburg, August 11, 1852. 69—tto.

NEW BOOKS.

NEW AND COMPLETE COOK-BOOK. The Practical Cook-Book, containing upwards of one thousand receipts, consisting of directions for selecting, preparing, and cooking all kinds of Meats, Fish, Poultry, and Game; Soups, Broths, Vegetables, and Salads, Also, for making all kinds of Plain and Fancy Breads. Pastes, Puddings, Cakes, Creams, Ices, Jellies, Preserves, Marmalades, &c, &c., &c. Together with various Miscellaneous Receipts, and numerous Preparations for Invalids. By Mrs. BLISS. In one vol., 12mo.

The Freemason's Manual; a companion for the initiated through all the degrees of Freemasonry, from the 'Entered Apprentice' to the higher degrees of 'Knighthood.' Embracing Entered Apprentice, Fellow Craft, Master Mason, Past Master, Mark Master, Most Excellent Master, Royal Arch, Select Master, High Priesthood, Knight of the Red Cross, Knights Templars, Knights of Malta, the Ancient Constitution of the Order, &c Embellished with upwards of one hundred Engravings, illustrating the emblems and symbols of the Order. By Rev. KINSEY JOHNS STEWART, K. T. This work has the sanction and approval of the R. W. G. M. of the State of Delaware, and of the M. E. G. H. P. of the Grand H. R. A. C. of Pennsylvania.

For sale at the N. C Bookstore by H. D. TURNER.

Raleigh, September 27th, 1852. 91—

TO MUSICAL INSTRUCTORS!

THE Trustees of Floral College, North Carolina, wish to employ an accomplished Instructor in Music to take charge of the Musical department in said Institution. The salary will be liberal.

Proposals will therefore be received by the undersigned Committee until the 11th of December next, when the Board of Trustees will convene and make a selection and inform the successful candidate of the selection made. Applicants must specify the amount they are willing to take for their services for the term of one year, and also accompany their proposals with certificates of recommendation as to moral character and Musical attainments. Any information desired in regard to the Institution can be obtained by addressing the committee at Gilopolis Post Office, Robeson County, N. C.

☞ It is immaterial whether the applicants are gentlemen or ladies.

J. B. McCALLUM, WM. McKAY, JOHN McNEILL, } *Com.*

September 20, 1852. 99—4w.

BOOTS, SHOES, &C.

HENRY PORTER, 100 yards south-east of the Capitol, would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he is in receipt of his fall supply of Goods in his line, embracing every thing usually found in a Boot and Shoe Store—for Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses, Boys and servants. He WARRANTS every thing he sells, and makes good, free of cost, all rips and imperfections in manufacture. Give me a call one and all and I have no fears about making a trade.

MANUFACTURING.

Boot and Shoe Making of every description done at HENRY PORTER'S Establishment. The best of wokmen, first-rate materials, and low prices. He don't intend to be undersold.

☞ Findings, for the trade in great abundance, and of every description, for sale cheap.

Raleigh, October 25th, 1852. 943—w4w.

To Female Teachers.

THE Trustees of Floral College, N. C., will receive until the 11th of December next, through the undersigned Committee, proposals for two Female Teachers, to assist in imparting instruction to the pupils of Floral College. Applicants must accompany their proposals with certificates of recommendation; also state terms, &c, as to salary.

Any information desired in regard to the institution can be obtained by addressing the undersigned Committeo at Gilopolis Post Office, Robeson County, N. C.

W. McKAY,
J. B. McCALLUM,
JOHN McNEILL, Committee.

Gilopolis, Oct 23d, 1852. 101—t11D.

Carpeting.

DRAWING Room and Bed Room Carpets, Stair Carpets, Tufted and other rich Hearth Rugs, Fancy printed Druggets for Crumb Cloths, Rich fancy Piano and Table Covers.

JAMES McKIMMON.

Oct. 1, 1852. 93—

Candles.

15 BOXES best patent Sperm Candles,
20 do do Adamantine do
20 do Hull's Patent Tallow do
Hull's No. 1 Bar Soap,
Black Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Starch, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon, Mace, Indigo, for sale by

JAMES McKIMMON.

Oct. 1, 1852. 93—

TATE & CO.

CLOTHING

And Gentlemen's Furnishing Store.

THE above firm have rented the Store lately occupied by the Insurance Company, west side of Fayetteville St., Raleigh, for the sale of our manufacture of

Ready Made Clothing,

wholesale and retail. Having established permanently we are determined to sell here as low as in our house in Baltimore, or any other house in the Union. Dealers and the public generally, are respectfully invited to call and examine our full and complete stock of Ready made Clothing, and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods. Being the same firm that supplied the Messrs. Stith, for the last three years, those who have bought of our Goods have had satisfactory proof that they were amongst the cheapest and best goods ever offered in this market. Being manufactured by ourselves, for our own trade, we are enabled to sell as low as any other house in the Union.

TATE & CO.

Raleigh, Oct., 5, 1852. 97—3m.

NEW BOOKS.

LIFE and Correspondence of Lord Jeffrey, by Lord Cockburn, one of the Judges of the Court of Session in Scotland.

Annual of Scientific Discovery; or Year-Book of Facts in Science and art for 1852.

The Power of Christian Benevolence illustrated in the Life and Labors of Mary Lyon.

Austria in 1848-'49, containing a full account of the Revolution in Hungary, and Historical Sketches of the Austrian Government and Provinces of the Empire, by Wm. H. Stiles, Late Charge D'Affairs of the U. S. at Court of Vienna.

The Constitutions of the several States of the Union and United States, including the Declaration of Independence and articles of Confederation.

Horse-Shoe Robinson, a tale of the tory ascendency, by Jno. P. Kennedy, author of the "Swallow Barn," 1 vol. 2 vo., uniform with the Swallow Barn.

Courtesy, Manners and Habits, by George Winfred Hervey.

The Works of Stephen Olin, D. D., LLD., Late President of the Wesleyan University, containing Sermons and Sketches.

Hand Book of the English language, by R. G. Latham M. D., F. R. S.

Queechy, by the author of the 'Wide, Wide World.'

Pyrmhurst, his Wanderings and ways of thinking, by Donald McLeod.

Romanism at Home; Kirwan's Letters to Chief Justice Taney. Brace's Hungary in 1851.

Lady Pfeiffer's voyage round the World.

Norris's Hand Book for Locomotive Engineers and Machinists. Poems by Matilda.

Ban Gauthier's Book of Ballads.

For sale by W. L. POMEROY.

Raleigh N. C. June 9th, 1852. 63—

Historical Sketches of North Carolina, FROM 1584 TO 1851.

COMPILED from Original Records, Official Documents and Traditional Sketches, &c., &c, by JOHN H WHEELER, late Treasurer of the State.

Extract from the University Magazine, (May number):

"A most liberal expenditure of time and substance has been made by a native citizen of North Carolina to supply the young men just coming on the stage of action with a portion of knowledge to them peculiar and important. He has furnished reminiscenes, refreshing to all which increase our pleasures at home and abroad."

Extract from George Bancroft, Historian of the United States:

"There are many separate pieces of information and valuable documents, which of themselves are worth the price of this work; which can be found no where else."

This work is valuable to members and others as containing the accurate returns of the population of each County, and is for sale by W. POMEROY.

Raleigh, N. C., October 4th, 1852. 97—

Encourage Home Industry,

BY PATRONIZING THE

Machine Shop and Foundry of

STAFFORD, CLARK & DIXON,

Who Manufacture all Sizes of

Horse Power and Threshing Machines,

(BOTH PORTABLE AND STATIONARY;)

STRAW-CUTTERS OF VARIOUS PATTERNS, WHEAT FANS,

Mill and Factory Gear, Saw and Grist Mill Irons, Bark Mills, Wool Carding Machines, Edge Tools, &c., &c.

Address Snow Camp, Alamance County, N. C.

October 25th, 1852. 101—8t.

State of North Carolina, Franklin Co.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, September Term, 1852. *David Hunt and wife and others, vs. Mourning Wright and others.* Petition to sell slaves for Division.

IT appearing that James Wright of Tennessee, Thos. Allgood of Dalaware, and Gideon Wright of Tennessee, defendants in this case live beyond the limits of this State; it is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the North Carolina Standard, a paper published in the City of Raleigh, for six weeks, notifying them to appear at the next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the aforesaid County, at the Court House in Louisburg, on the 2nd Monday in December, A. D., 1852, then and there to plead, answer, or demur to said petition; otherwise the same will be heard exparte as to them and decree made accordingly.

Witness, Young Patterson, Clerk of said Court at office, 23d October, 1852.

Y. PATTERSON, *Clerk.*

October 25, 1852. (Pr. adv. $5 62½.) 945—6w.

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to the General Assembly of North Carolina, now in session, for the passage of an act, to authorize certain persons therein named, to raise, by way of lottery, twenty thousand dollars, to cut and excavate out a Canal, and make a road along said Canal, in Washington County. Said Canal and Road is to commence at some suitable place at the Albemarle Sound.

Or to revive and amend the acts of the Legislature, passed at the session of 1833-'34, authorizing certain persons therein named to raise, by lottery, six thousand dollars to cut a Canal in Washington County. Or application will be made to the Legislature of North Carolina, now in session, for the passage of an act to incorporate a company to cut and excavate out a Canal and make a Road along the same in Washington County. Said Canal and Road to commence at some suitable place at the Albemarle Sound, in the aforesaid County.

October 21st, 1852. 100—td.

NEW BOOKS.

HILDRETH'S History of the United States, 6th and concluding volume;

Mysteries, or Glimpses of the Supernatural, containing accounts of the Salem Witchcraft;

The Cock-Lane Ghost, Rochester Rappings; the Stratford Mysteries, &.c. &c.; by Charles W. Elliott;

Pierre, or the Ambiguities; by Herman Mellville;

A Buck Eye Abroad, or Wanderings in Europe and in the Orient; by Samuel S. Cox;

Mental Alchemy—a treatise on the Mind, Nervous System, Psychology, Magnetism, Mesmerism, and Diseases; by B Brown Williams, M. D.

The Mother at Home; by John S. C. Abbott, very greatly improved and enlarged, with numerous engravings For sale by H. D. TURNER.

At the N. C. Bookstore.

Raleigh, August 16, 1852. —79

House and Lot for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale her House and Lot, situated in the South-western part of Raleigh, near the residence of Maj. Collins. The House is new, has two stories, and the lot has upon it all necessary outhouses. There is half an acre of ground attached.

A good bargain may be had, if application is made soon. Persons who wish to purchase, will of course examine the premises. E. A. GORMAN.

Raleigh, Oct. 18, 1852. 97—tf.

SWAIM'S JUSTICE.

THE NORTH CAROLINA JUSTICE.

CONTAINING a summary statement of the Statutes and common Law of this State, together with the decisions of the Supreme Court, and all the most approved forms and precedents relating to the office and duty of a Justice of the Peace, and other public officers, according to modern practice, by Benjamin Swaim, second edition, revised and corrected. For sale by

HENRY D. TURNER.

Ocother, 22 1852. 99—

NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY

RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company has been in successful operation for more than five years, and continues to take risks upon all classes of property in the State (except Steam Mills and Turpentine Distilleries,) upon favorable terms.

Its Policies now cover property amounting to $4,500 000, a large portion of which is in country risks; and its present capital is nearly Six Hundred Thousand Dollars, in bonds properly secured.

The average cost of Insurance upon the plan of this Company has been less than one third of one per cent per annum, on all grades of property embraced in its operations.

The following persons have been elected Directors and Officers of this Company for the present year.

DIRECTORS:

Jos. G. B. Roulhac, C. W. D. Hutchings, Richard Smith, John Primrose, Henry D. Turner, S. W. Whiting, T. H. Selby, of Raleigh; Geo. McNeill, Fayetteville, Joshua G. Wright, Wilmington, Jas. E. Hoyt, Washington, James Sloan, Greensborough, John Cox, Edenton, Joshua Boner, Salem, Joseph H. Pool, Elizabeth City, Michael Brown, Salisbury, Alexander Mitchell, Newbern, W. N. H. Smith, Murfreesborough, A. B. Williams, Charlotte, John B. Barrett, Milton, and H. T. Summy, Asheville.

All Directors are authorized to receive applications.

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY:

J. G. B. Roulhac, President,
Henry D. Turner, Vice President,
Richard Smith, Treasurer,
J. C. Partridge, Secretary,
John H. Bryan, Attorney,
J. Hersman, General Agent.
S. W. Whiting, Richard Smith, John Primrose, } Executive Committee.

All communications in reference to insurance should be addressed to the Secretary, post paid.

J. C. PARTRIDGE, Sec'y.

Raleigh, June 21, 1852. 21—

Where do you find things Cheap?

THE Subscriber having laid in a choice assortment of the following articles, begs leave to inform the citizens of Raleigh and vicinity that he will sell all his Goods at such prices as not to be undersold by any one in this city.

Persons desirous of making a good bargain will therefore do well to give him a call and be convinced that the above assertion is truth and no humbug about it.

Fancy Goods, &c.

Violins, Flutes, Accordions, Guitars, Pocket Knives, Table and Tea Spoons, Ivory and wooden pocket Inks. Portemonnaies, Toothpicks, Canes, Ladie's Work Boxes, Hair Oils, German and American Cologne, Soaps, shaving Creams, Hair Brushes, Cloth Brushes, hair and dressing Combs, Gold Pencils, Pens, Breastpins, Finger-rings and Studs, Dolls, Purses, Gum teething Rings, Looking Glasses, Guns, Pistols, &c.

Dry Goods, &c.

Calicoes, Ginghams, Figured Alpaccas and Coburgs, Black Lustres, Brown and Bleached Muslins, Cambrics, Irish Linen, Canton Flannel, Ticking, Linsey, Cotton and Woolen Hose, Comforts, Cotton, Silk Woolen and Sheepskin Gloves, Edgings, Boots and Shoes, &c.

Groceries, &c.

Mackerel, Herring, Lard, Cheese, Bacon, Dried Beef, Buffalo tongues, Sardines, Nails, Powder, Shot, Coffee Sugars, &c.

Cigars,

of ten different Brands, &c. &c.

F. MAHLER.

Raleigh, October 12, 1852. 94—

Perfumery and Fancy Articles.

LUBIN'S Extracts, genuine,
Ursena, or real Bear's Grease.
Ox Marrow Pomade,
Low's fine Myrtle Pomatum,
Christian's Perfumed Hair Restorative, for cleansing, preservation and growth of the Hair,
Lyon's Kathairon do do do
Cologne and Florida Water, real German and Other varieties,
Taylor's Chrystalised and other fancy perfumed Soaps for the Toilet.
A select assortment of Tooth Brushes,
Hair, Nail and Comb Brushes,
Fine-tooth, Dressing and Pocket Combs,
Carved Shell and Buffalo Tuck Combs.
New style Shell and Buffalo Side Combs.

JAMES McKIMMON.

Oct. 1, 1852. 93—

TAKEN UP,

AND committed to the Jail of Wake County, on the 10th instant, a negro man who says his name is GEORGE, and that he was sold in the County of Wayne by Mr. Edmundson to Jack Williamson, of Orangeburgh District, S. C., that he ranaway from Williamson in the month of October, 1851 George is about 45 years old, quite black, good teeth for a negro of his age, quite intelligent, full six feet high, his hair long and thick, wears it plited some times, lame in his right hip—he says caused by rheumatism; George further says that he is known as a Doctor in the County of Wayne The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take George away, for he will be disposed of according to law. W. H. HIGH, *Sh'ff.*

Raleigh, October 12th, 1852. 96—

State of North Carolina, Ashe County.

Superior Court of Equity, Fall Term, 1852. Linville Williams and others, *vs.* John Williams and others. Original Bill.

IN this case it appearing that the defendants, Catharine Williams, John W. Williams, Polly Ann Williams, Martha Ann Williams, Alfred Clawson and wife Nancy are non-residents of this *State*; it is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Weekly North Carolina *Standard* for six weeks notifying the said non-residents to appear at our next Superior Court of Equity, for the county of Ashe, at the Court-House in Jefferson, on the second Monday in March next, then and there to plead and answer or demur to the plaintiff's bill or judgment *pro confesso* will be entered against them and the cause set for hearing.

Witness, Quincy F. Neal, Clerk and Master of our said Court, at office the 18th day of September, 1852.

QUINCY F. NEAL, C. M. E.

October 6, 1852. [Pr. adv. $5.62½.] 941—6w.

State of North Carolina, Granville Co.

In Equity, Fall Term, 1852. Maurice S. Hart, Ex'r. *vs.* Nancy Hart and others. Original Bill.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendants James Hart, Wm. P Strum, Theo. Hudson and Polly Ann his wife, and Thomas B. Barnett, adm'r of Jno. G. Hart, dec'd., reside beyond the limits of this State; it is therefore ordered that publication be made in the North Carolina *Standard,* for six weeks successively, for the said defendants to appear at the next Term of this Court, to be held in the Court-House, in the town of Oxford, on the first Monday of March next, and plead, answer or demur to the said Bill, otherwise the same will be taken as confessed by them and heard exparte.

Witness, James M. Wiggins, Clerk and Master of the said Court, at office, the first Monday of September, A. D., 1852. JAS. M. WIGGINS, C. *M.* E.

October 6, 1852. [Pr. adv. $5.62½] 941—6w.

State of North Carolina, Ashe County.

Superior Court of Equity, Fall Term, 1852. Noah Long and others, *vs.* Daniel Jones and others. Bill for an injunction.

In this case it appearing that the defendants, Baker Ballew and wife Lucy and Eli Maxwell, are non-residents of this State. It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the 'Weekly North Carolina Standard' for six weeks, notifying the said non-residents to appear at our next Superior Court of Equity, for the county of Ashe, at the Court House in Jefferson, on the second Monday in March next, then and there to plead and answer or demur to the plaintiff's bill, or judgment *pro confsso* will be entered against them and the cause set for hearing.

Witness, QUINCY F. NEAL, Clerk and Master of our said Court, at office the 18th day of September, 1852

QUINCY F. NEAL, C. M. E.

Oct. 14, 1852. (pr. adv. $5 62½) 912—w6w.

The North-Carolina Executor,

CONTAINING the Statutes and Common Law of this State, together with the decisions of the Supreme Court, and all the necessary forms, precedents, &c., &c.

Intended as a safe Guide to Executors and Administrators.

With which is necessarily connected the kindred subjects of Wills, Legacies, Dower, and other Provisions for Widows, Distribution of Estate, Descent of Land, Partition, Guardianship, &c., by Benjamin Swaim.

For sale at the North-Carolina Book-Store by H. D. TURNER.

May 13, 1852: 54—

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the next General Assembly for the passage of a law to entitle Tales Jurors and Magistrates who take lists of Taxable property in the County of Sampson to pay for their services; and also to amend the act incorporating the Town of Clinton.

August 30, 1852. 86—ts.